

EJERCICIO 2



$$\sum M_D = 0 \Rightarrow V_c \cdot 1.5m = 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot \frac{(1.5m)^2}{2} + 1.5 \text{ kNm} \Rightarrow \boxed{V_c = 4 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum V = 0 \Rightarrow V_D = 4 \text{ kN} + 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 1.5m = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{V_D = 10 \text{ kN}}$$

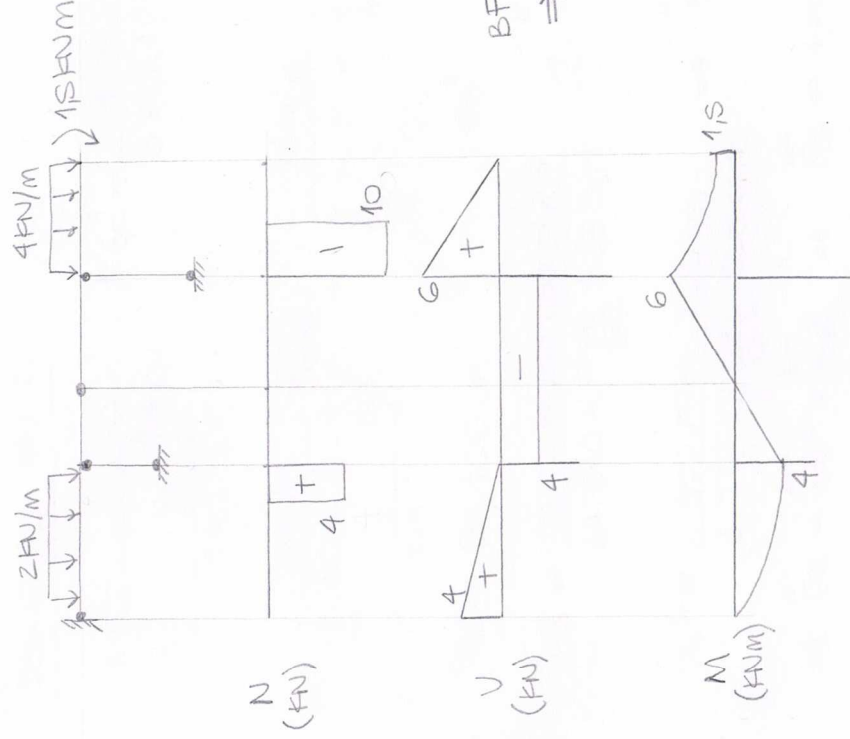


$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow V_B \cdot 2m + 2 \text{ kN/m} \cdot \frac{(2m)^2}{2} = 4 \text{ kNm} \cdot 3m \Rightarrow \boxed{V_B = 4 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum V = 0 \Rightarrow V_A + 4 \text{ kN} = 2 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 2m + 4 \text{ kN} \Rightarrow \boxed{V_A = 4 \text{ kN}}$$



b)



BF 7 A9 SON BIELAS
⇒ NO TIENEN CORTANTE,
NI MOMENTO

c) BARRAS BF Y DG

$$\sigma_{adm} \geq \frac{N}{A}$$

$$N_{max} = 10 \text{ kN} \Rightarrow A \geq \frac{10 \text{ kN}}{140 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kN/m}^2} \Rightarrow A \geq 0,71 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{D \geq 0,95 \text{ cm}}$$

BARRAS AC Y CE

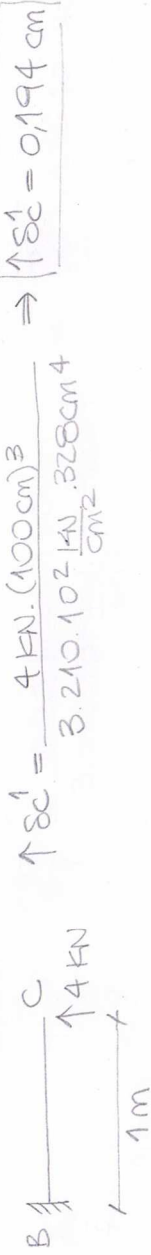
$$\sigma_{adm} \geq \frac{M}{W}$$

$$M_{max} = 6 \text{ kNm} \Rightarrow W \geq \frac{6 \text{ kNm}}{140 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kN/m}^2} \Rightarrow W \geq 4286 \text{ cm}^3$$

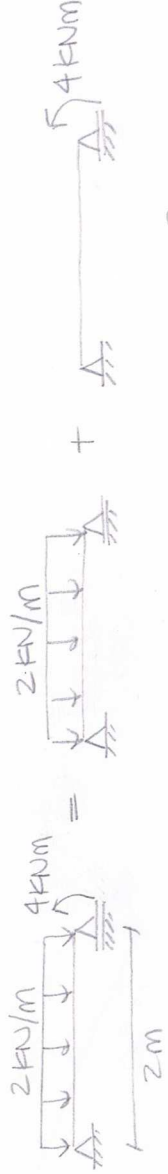
$$\Rightarrow \boxed{PUNI 12} \Rightarrow I = 328 \text{ cm}^4$$

d)

DESCENSO EN C



$$\uparrow \delta_C^1 = \frac{4 \text{ kN} \cdot (100 \text{ cm})^3}{3 \cdot 210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 328 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \uparrow \delta_C^1 = 0,194 \text{ cm}$$

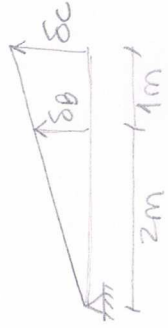


$$\uparrow \delta_C^2 = \theta_B \cdot 100 \text{ cm} \quad \theta_B^1 \quad \theta_B^2$$

$$\leftarrow \theta_B^1 = \frac{9,02 \text{ kN/cm} \cdot (200 \text{ cm})^3}{24 \cdot 210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 328 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \leftarrow \theta_B^1 = 9,68 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ rad}$$

$$\leftarrow \theta_B^2 = \frac{400 \text{ kNcm} \cdot 200 \text{ cm}}{3 \cdot 210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 328 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \leftarrow \theta_B^2 = 3,87 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}$$

$$\Rightarrow \leftarrow \theta_B = \theta_B^1 + \theta_B^2 \Rightarrow \leftarrow \theta_B = 4,888 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad} \Rightarrow \uparrow \delta_C^2 = 0,484 \text{ cm}$$



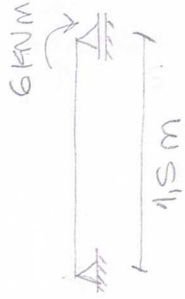
$$\delta_B = \Delta_{BF}$$

$$\Delta_{BF} = \frac{4 \text{ kN} \cdot 100 \text{ cm}}{210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 971 \text{ cm}^2} \Rightarrow \uparrow \delta_B = 0,027 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_C^3 = \frac{3m}{2m} \delta_B \Rightarrow \uparrow \delta_C^3 = 0,041 \text{ cm}$$

$$\uparrow \delta_C = 0,194 \text{ cm} + 0,484 \text{ cm} + 0,041 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow \uparrow \delta_C = 0,719 \text{ cm}$$

GIRO EN D



$$\vec{\theta}_D^1 = \frac{600 \text{ kNm} \cdot 150 \text{ cm}}{3.210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 328 \text{ cm}^4} \Rightarrow \boxed{\vec{\theta}_D^1 = 4,36 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}}$$



$$\vec{\theta}_D^2 = \frac{\delta_C + \delta_D}{L_{DC}}$$

$$\delta_D = \Delta L_{DG} = \frac{10 \text{ kN} \cdot 150 \text{ cm}}{210 \cdot 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{cm}^2} \cdot 0,71 \text{ cm}^2} \Rightarrow \delta_D = 0,10 \text{ cm}$$

$$\vec{\theta}_D^2 = \frac{0,719 \text{ cm} + 0,10 \text{ cm}}{150 \text{ cm}} \Rightarrow \boxed{\vec{\theta}_D^2 = 5,46 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}}$$

$$\vec{\theta}_D = 4,36 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad} + 5,46 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad} \Rightarrow \boxed{\vec{\theta}_D = 9,82 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}}$$