

$$E^{31.5} = 225 \cdot \frac{31.5}{11.5} = 616.3 \text{ kV}$$

$$X_1 = 0.085 \times \frac{31.5^2}{7} = 1203 \Omega$$

$$X_2 = 0.07 \times \frac{31.5^2}{7} = 9.923 \Omega$$

$$X_5 = 1 \times \frac{31.5^2}{13} = 76.33 \Omega$$

② Entre T_1 y T_2 limita T_2

$$I_{T1} = I_{T2} = \frac{7000}{\sqrt{3} \times 32.5} = 128.3 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{\text{max trafeo}} = 128.3 \left(1 + \frac{7}{8.5} \right) = 234.0 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{\text{NMS}} = \frac{13000}{\sqrt{3} \times 31.5} = 238.3 \text{ A}$$

> $I_{\text{max trafeo}}$

\Rightarrow límite en corriente es **234 A** limita T_2

Máxima potencia activa entregable = 11 MW - 50 kW =

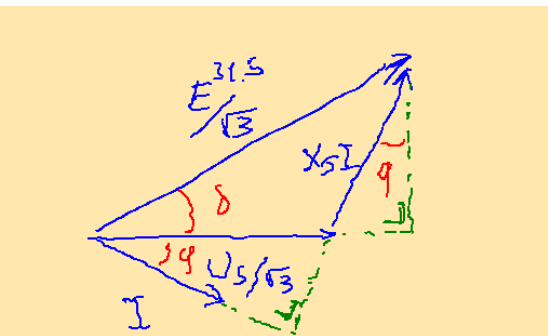
$$= 10.95 \text{ MW} = P_{\text{max}}$$

$$S_{\text{max}} = \sqrt{3} \times 234 \times 31.5 = 12.77 \text{ MVA} < S_{\text{NMI}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \varphi = \frac{P_{\text{max}}}{S_{\text{max}}} = 0.8582$$

MS Sobrecargada:

Hallar E para $I = 234 \text{ A}$



$$\frac{E^{31.5}}{\sqrt{3}} = \left[(IX_s \cos \varphi)^2 + \left(\frac{U_5}{\sqrt{3}} + IX_s \sin \varphi \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{54.31 \text{ kV}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow i = \frac{54310}{616.3} = 88.13 \text{ A}$$

$$88.13 \text{ A} > 80 \text{ A} \Rightarrow \text{limita la excitación de MS}$$

$$\Rightarrow E = 616.3 \times 80 = 49.30 \text{ kV}$$

$$\frac{E^{31.5}}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \delta = X_s I \cos \varphi$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} U_s I \cos \varphi$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta = \arcsen \left(\frac{X_s P}{E^{31.5} U_s} \right) = 32.56^\circ$$

$$\bar{I} = \frac{E/\sqrt{3} - U_s/\sqrt{3}}{jX_s} = \frac{[(\cos \delta + j \sin \delta) \times 49300 - 31500] \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} \times 76.33 j}}{j} = (200.7 - j76.03) \text{ A}$$

$$S_{\text{MS}} = \sqrt{3} U_s I^* = 10.95 \text{ MW} + j4.148 \text{ MVAR}$$

$$P_{\text{RED}} = 10.95 \text{ MW}$$

$$Q_{\text{RED}} = Q_{\text{MS}} - 3I^2 (X_1 // X_2) = 3.396 \text{ MVAR}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{\text{RED}} = 11.46 \text{ MVA}$$

MS Sobrecargada

Seguramente $i < 80 \text{ A}$

$$\Rightarrow I = 234 \text{ A}$$

$$\frac{E^{31.5}}{\sqrt{3}} = \left[(X_s I \cos \varphi)^2 + \left(\frac{U_s}{\sqrt{3}} - X_s I \sin \varphi \right)^2 \right]^{1/2} = \frac{30.80 \text{ kV}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{10.95}{12.77}$$

$$\Rightarrow i = 49.98 \text{ A} < 80 \text{ A}, \text{ Suposición correcta}$$

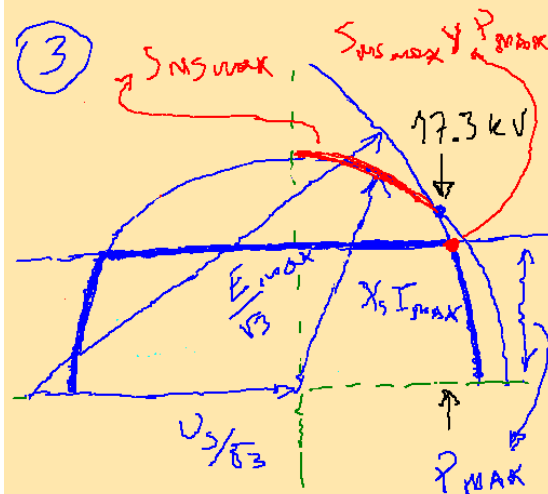
$$\Rightarrow Q_{\text{MS}} = -\sqrt{12.77^2 - 10.95^2} = -6.57 \text{ MVAR}$$

$$Q_{\text{RED}} = Q_{\text{MS}} - 3I^2 (X_1 // X_2) =$$

$$= -7.464 \text{ MVAR}$$

$$P_{RED} = 10.95 \text{ MW}$$

$$S_{RED} = 13.25 \text{ MVA}$$



$$\frac{E_{max}^{31.5}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{49.30}{\sqrt{3}} = 28.46 \text{ kV}$$

$$X_s I_{max} = 76.33 \times 234 = 17.86 \text{ kV}$$

$$\frac{U_s}{\sqrt{3}} = 18.18 \text{ kV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{E_{max}^{31.5}}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \delta &= \frac{X_s P}{U_s \sqrt{3}} = \\ &= \frac{76.33 \times 10950}{31.5 \sqrt{3}} = \\ &= 15.32 \text{ kV (P}_{max}) \end{aligned}$$