

①  $\Delta L_{\text{spring}} = -\Delta L_{AC}/2 = \Delta x = \frac{F}{k}$

②  $\Delta L_{AC} + \Delta L_{A1} + \Delta L_{\text{spring}} = 0$  ( $L_{\text{initial}} = L_{\text{final}}$ )

① + ②  $\Delta L_{AC}/2 + \Delta L_{A1} = 0 \Rightarrow F = \frac{-(1/2 \alpha_{AC} + \alpha_{A1}) \Delta T}{(1/2 EA_{AC} + EA_{A1})}$

$\Delta L_{AC} (\Delta L_{A1}) = \Delta L_{A1} + \Delta L_{AC} = \alpha \Delta T \cdot L + \frac{FL}{EA}$

$F = -65,234 \text{ kN}$

$\Delta x = -\Delta L_{AC}/2 = -6,53 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$

$\Delta L_{AC} = 13,06 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$

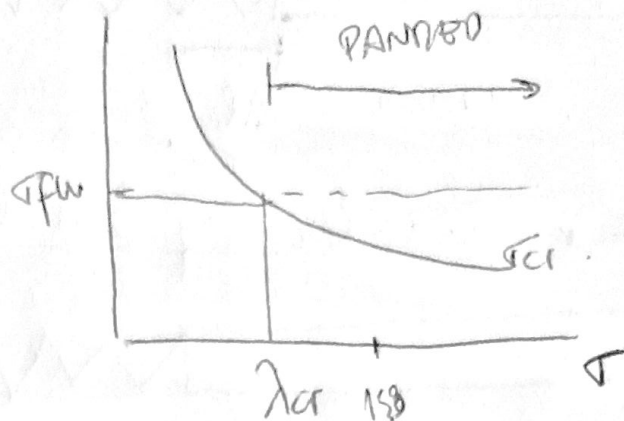
$\Delta L_{A1} = -6,53 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$

$\Delta x = \frac{F}{k} \Rightarrow -6,53 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} = \frac{-65234 \text{ N}}{k}$

$\Rightarrow k = 9,996 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$

b)  $F = -65,234 \text{ kN} = -F_{\text{emplos}}$   
 $F_{\text{emplos}} = 65,234 \text{ kN}$

d) ESTUDIO PANDEO si  $\lambda^* > \lambda_{cr}$



$L = 0,125 \text{ m}$   
CADA UNA

$$\lambda_{cr} = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\sigma_{Flu}}} \cdot \pi$$

$$\lambda = \frac{L_e}{\rho} \quad L_e = L \cdot \beta$$

$$\beta = 0,5$$

$$\rho = \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}} =$$

$$\lambda_{cr \text{ Aluminio}} = 99,34$$

$$\lambda^* = 153,1$$

$$\lambda_{cr \text{ Acero}} = 94,72$$

MISMO  
P/AREA

→ ubico mi punto de trabajo  $\sigma^*$

$$\sigma^* = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{65234 \text{ N}}{0,00125 \text{ m}^2} = 52,2 \text{ MPa}$$

→ PANDEA si  $\sigma^* > \sigma_{cr}$

$$\text{DONDE } \sigma_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\lambda^2} = \begin{cases} \text{Aluminio} = 29,5 \text{ MPa} \\ \text{Acero} = 84,2 \text{ MPa} \end{cases}$$

$\sigma_{cr \text{ Acero}} > \sigma^*$   
NO PANDEA

$\sigma_{cr \text{ Aluminio}} < \sigma^*$   
PANDEA