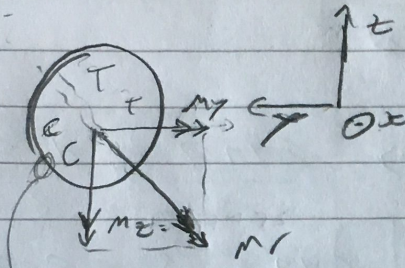


Como se ve nete a arriba los diagramas de cortante y momento quedan iguales y el punto más comprimido sigue siendo  $\odot$

sección en A

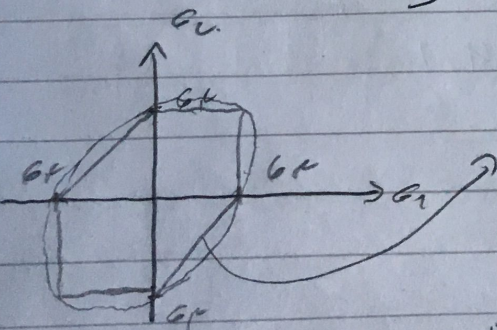


dentro de la sección este va a ser el punto más comprimido donde se suman el esfuerzo de compresión por directa y el esfuerzo de compresión por  $M$ .

$$\sigma = \frac{M \cdot r}{I} + \frac{P}{A} = \frac{1009,3 \cdot 0,035}{\pi \cdot 0,035^4} + \frac{5000}{\pi \cdot 0,035^2}$$

$$\sigma = 35,001 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{T \cdot r}{J} = \frac{130 \cdot 0,035}{0,035^4 \cdot \pi} = 7,930 \text{ MPa}$$



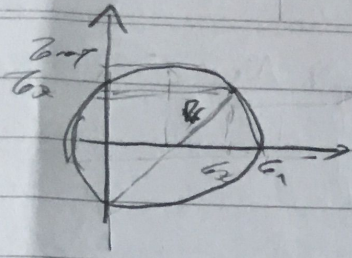
Criterio más conservador es Tresca

$$F_s = \frac{\sigma_c}{2 \sigma_{lim}}$$

$$F_s = 3,56$$

$$\sigma_{comp} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_c}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{max}^2} = 17,51 \text{ MPa}$$

se puede seguir creciendo



$$\sigma_x = \frac{M}{I} = \frac{1009,3 \text{ V}}{\frac{\pi r^4}{4}} = \frac{1278,7}{r^3}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{T}{J} = \frac{130 \cdot r}{\frac{\pi r^4}{2}} = \frac{82,76}{r^3}$$

$$\tau_{max} = R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} = \frac{649,7}{r^3} \text{ Pa}$$

Tresca

$$\tau_{max} \leq \frac{\sigma_F}{2 \cdot FS}$$

$$FS = 4$$

$$\sigma_F = 125 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{649,7}{r^3} \leq \frac{125 \times 10^6}{2 \cdot 4}$$

$$r \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{649,7 \cdot 8}{125 \times 10^6}} = 0,035 \text{ m}$$

Von Mises

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\sigma_x}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{\sigma_x}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$r = 0,035 \text{ m} \rightarrow \sigma_x = 29,824 \text{ MPa}$$

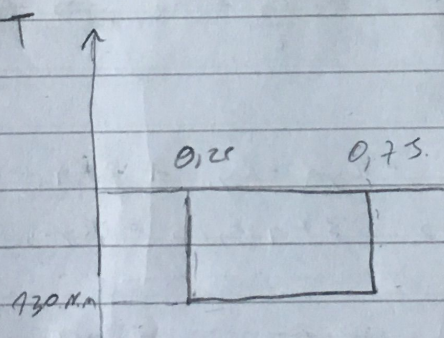
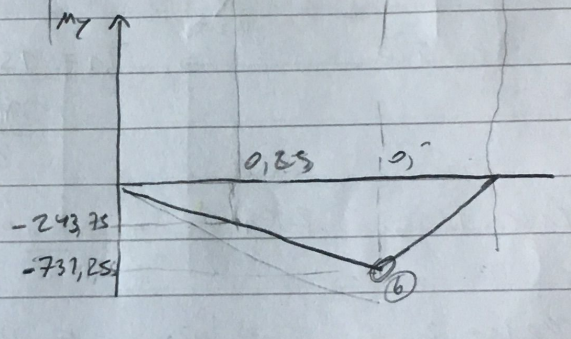
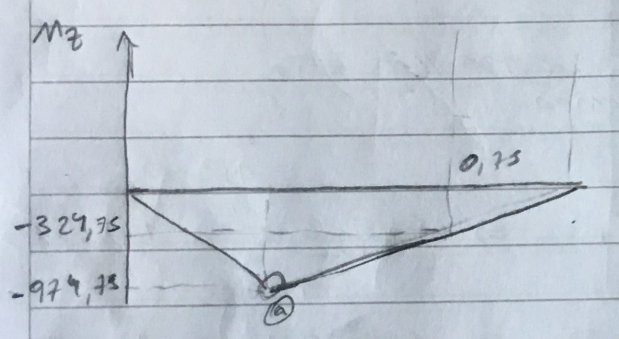
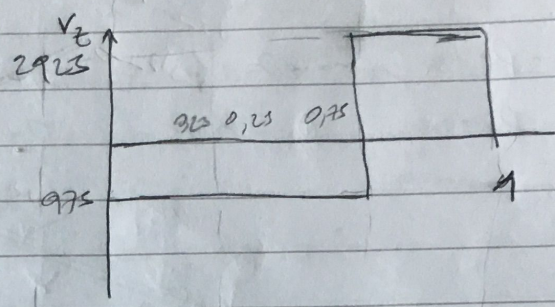
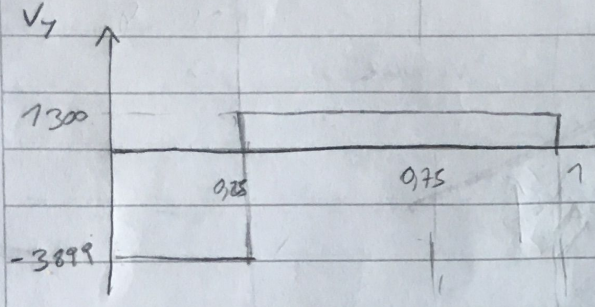
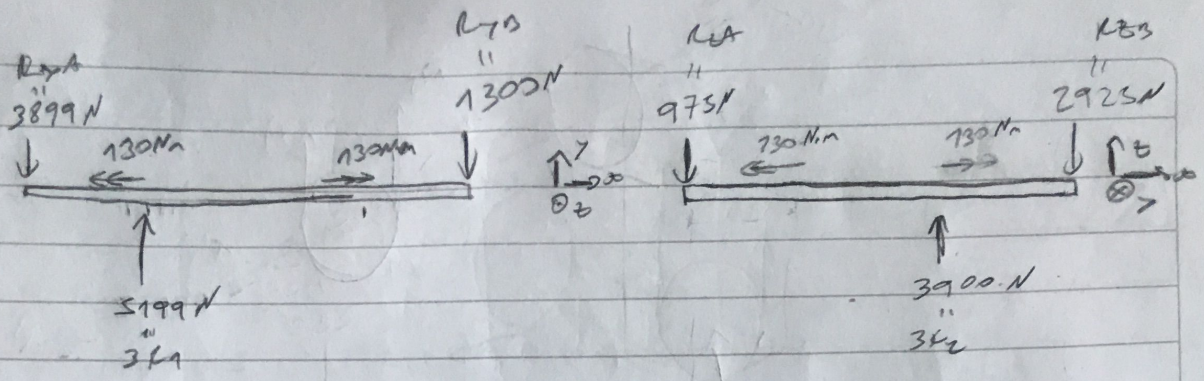
$$\tau_{xy} = 7,930 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_1 = 29,95 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_2 = -0,124 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{eq} = \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1 \sigma_2} = 30,01 \text{ MPa}$$

$$FS = \frac{\sigma_F}{\sigma_{eq}} = \frac{125}{32,76} = 4,1$$



Ptos mas comprometidas

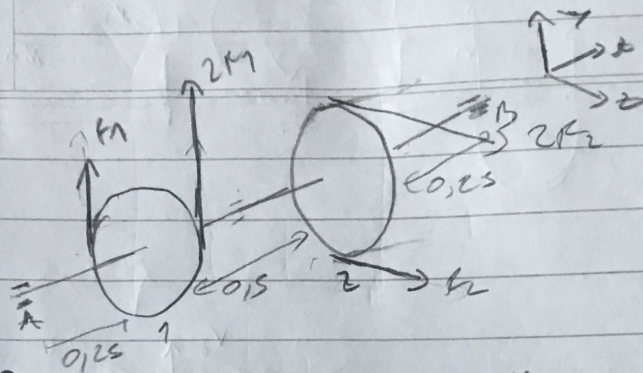
Ⓐ  $M_1 = \sqrt{(977,75)^2 + (243,75)^2} = 1009,3 \text{ N.m}$

$T = 130 \text{ N.m}$

Ⓑ  $M_1 = \sqrt{(329,75)^2 + (731,25)^2} = 800,1 \text{ N.m}$

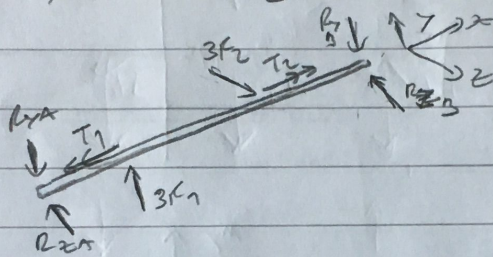
$T = 130 \text{ N.m}$

⇒ Pto mas comprometido Ⓐ (Edca 1)



Potencia 20 hp  $\approx$  15 Kw.  $N = 1100 \text{ rpm}$

Diámetro  $D_1 = 0,15 \text{ m}$   $D_2 = 0,2 \text{ m}$



$$P = T\omega \Rightarrow T_1 = \frac{15 \text{ Kw}}{\frac{2\pi \cdot 1100}{60}} = 130 \text{ Nm} = T_2$$

Para 1  $\Rightarrow \frac{2F_1 D_1}{2} - F_1 \frac{D_1}{2} = T_1 \Rightarrow F_1 = \frac{2 T_1}{D_1} = 1733 \text{ N}$

Para 2  $\Rightarrow \frac{2F_2 D_2}{2} - F_2 \frac{D_2}{2} = T_2 \Rightarrow F_2 = \frac{2 \cdot 130}{0,2} = 1300 \text{ N}$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -R_{yA} - R_{yB} + 3F_1 = 0$$

$$\sum M_z = 0 \Rightarrow 3F_1 \cdot 0,25 = R_{yB} \cdot 1 \Rightarrow R_{yB} = 3 \cdot 1733,05$$

$$R_{yB} = 5199,15 \text{ N}$$

$$R_{yA} = 3899 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_z = 0 \Rightarrow -R_{zA} - R_{zB} + 3F_2 = 0$$

$$\sum M_x = 0 \Rightarrow 3F_2 \cdot 0,75 = R_{zB} \cdot 1 \Rightarrow R_{zB} = 2925 \text{ N}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{zA} = 3 \cdot 1300 - 2925$$

$$R_{zA} = 975 \text{ N}$$