

① (PVI)

$$\begin{cases} y'(t) = \underbrace{F(t, y(t))}_{\text{define la ecuación diferencial}} \leftarrow \forall t \\ y(t_0) = \underline{y_0} \leftarrow \text{condiciones iniciales} \end{cases}$$

incógnita: la función $y(t)$ que cumple las ecuaciones

datos: F, t_0, y_0

En general

$$y: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$y(t) = \begin{pmatrix} y_1(t) \\ \vdots \\ y_n(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$t_0 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y(t) \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y'(t) \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$F: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$F(t, y(t))$$

$$x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_1(t) = y(t)$$

$$x_2(t) = y'(t) \quad (x'(t) = F(t, x(t)))$$

la ecuación se traduce a $x' = F(t, x)$

$$\begin{cases} y'' - 3y' + 5y = \cos(t) \\ y(0) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x'(t) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1'(t) \\ x_2'(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y'(t) \\ y''(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y' \\ 3y' - 5y + \cos(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ 3x_2 - 5x_1 + \cos(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow x' = F(t, x) \quad \text{con} \quad F(t, (x_1, x_2)) = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ 3x_2 - 5x_1 + \cos(t) \end{pmatrix} \quad F: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

cond. inicial.

$$x(0) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1(0) \\ x_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y(0) \\ y'(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = F(t, x) \\ x(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{cases} \quad \text{PVI}$$

Resolvamos y $y(t) = x_1(t)$

9 $y' = F(t, y)$

$y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$ $y_1(t) = x(t)$
 $y_2(t) = z(t)$

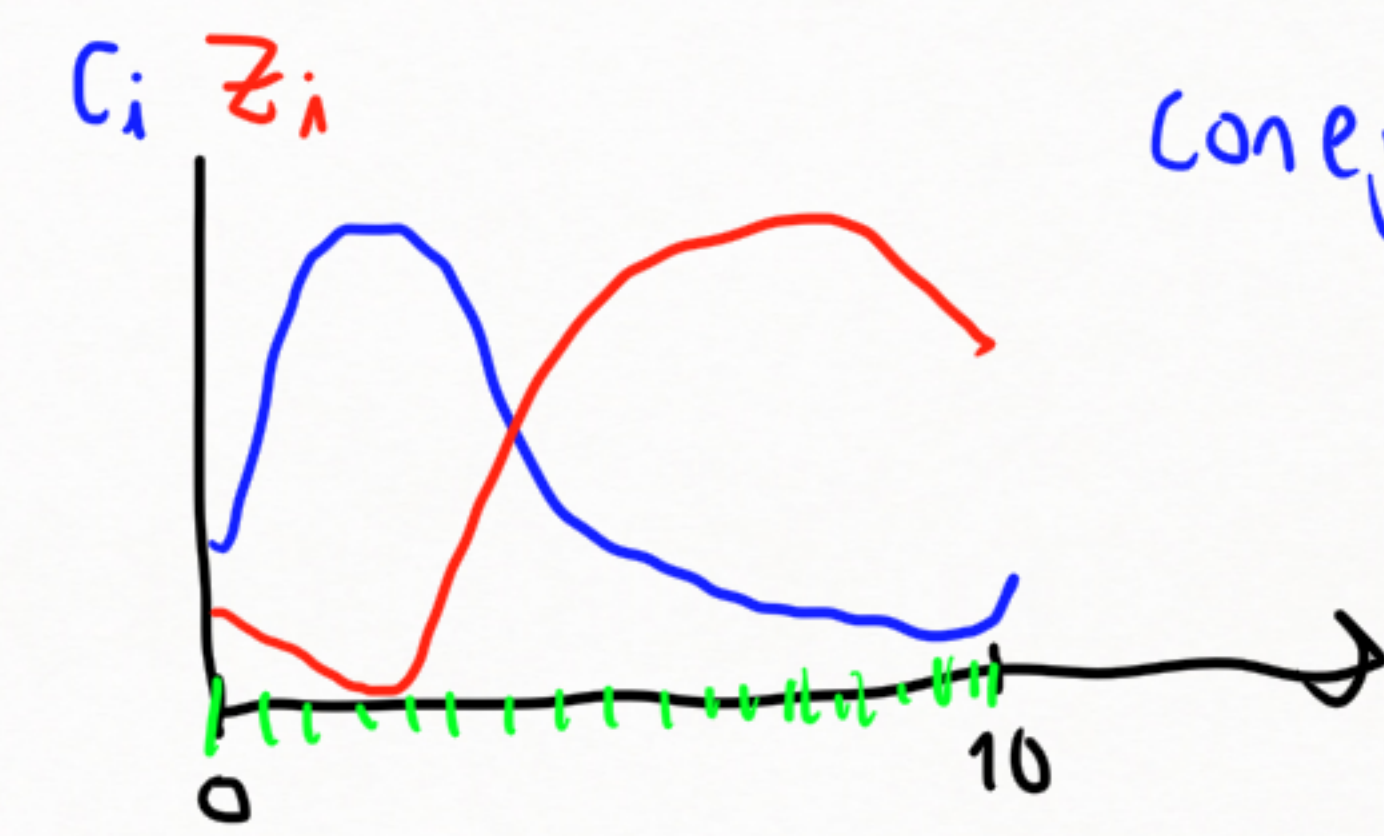
$y' = \begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2y_1 - \alpha y_1 y_2 \\ -y_2 + \alpha y_1 y_2 \end{pmatrix} = F(t, y)$

$y(0) = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ z_0 \end{pmatrix}$

no se usa

[tiempos, poblaciones] = ode23 (F, [0 10], y0)

$t_{\text{tiempos}} = [t_0; t_1; t_2; \dots; t_{z_1}]$



plot(t, p[:,1])
 conejas en Función de t

zorros en Función de t
 plot(t, p[:,2])

poblaciones = $\begin{pmatrix} c_0 \\ c_1 \\ \vdots \\ c_{z_1} \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} z_0 \\ z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_{z_1} \end{pmatrix}$ $(c_i, z_i) \approx y(t_i)$

$$F\left(\frac{z}{\alpha}, \frac{z}{\alpha}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2\frac{z}{\alpha} - \alpha\frac{z}{\alpha} & \frac{z}{\alpha} \\ -\frac{z}{\alpha} + \alpha\frac{z}{\alpha} & \frac{z}{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

$$z(t) = \frac{z}{\alpha}$$

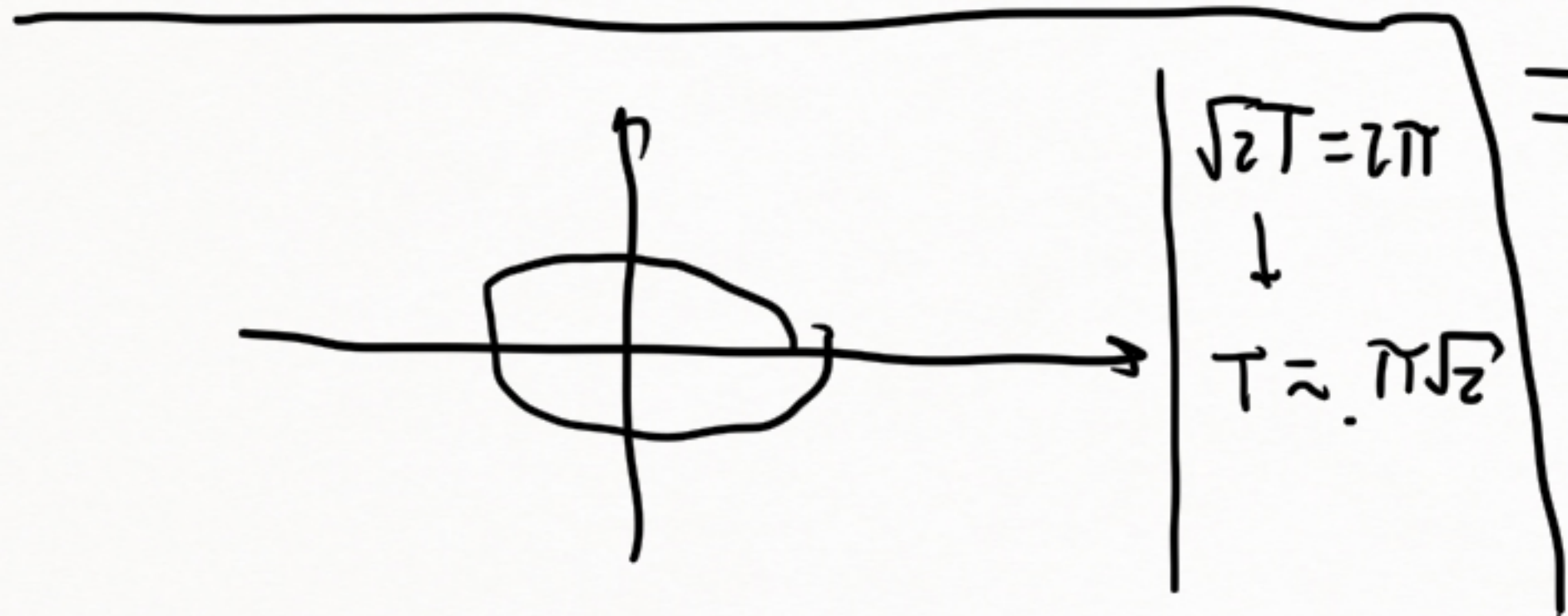
$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x'(t) \\ z'(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{-2\mu - \nu - \frac{z}{\alpha} - \alpha\mu\nu}{-\alpha\left(\mu\nu + \frac{2\mu}{\alpha} + \frac{\nu}{\alpha} + \frac{z}{\alpha}\nu\right)}$$

$$\mu = x - \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

$$\nu = z - \frac{z}{\alpha}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mu' \\ \nu' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ z' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\left|\mu + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right| - \alpha\left|\mu + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right|\left|\nu + \frac{z}{\alpha}\right| \\ -\left|\nu + \frac{z}{\alpha}\right| + \alpha\left|\mu + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right|\left|\nu + \frac{z}{\alpha}\right| \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} -\nu - \alpha\mu\nu \\ 2\mu + \alpha\mu\nu \end{pmatrix}$$

depr

$$\begin{cases} \mu' = -\nu \\ \nu' = 2\mu \end{cases}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mu'' = -2\mu$$

$$\nu'' = -2\nu$$

$$\begin{cases} \mu(t) = A \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + B \sin(\sqrt{2}t) \\ \nu(t) = C \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + D \sin(\sqrt{2}t) \end{cases}$$