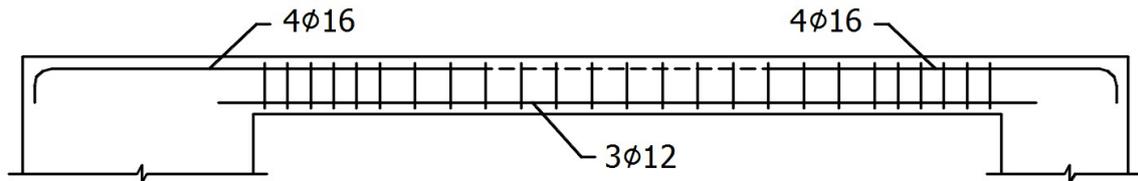


Ejercicio 1

$$A_{s,nec}^{sup} = 6,87 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow 4\phi 16$$

$$A_{s,nec}^{inf} = 3,24 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow 3\phi 12$$



Ejercicio 2

- $A_{s,nec} = 6,93 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow 7\phi 12$
- $x = 6,28 \text{ cm}$
- Dominio 2*: $\varepsilon_{s1} = 10\text{‰}$, $\varepsilon_c = -1,62\text{‰}$
- $z = 42,49 \text{ cm} \rightarrow z/h \cong 0,85$
- Curvatura: $1/r = 25,82 \text{ km}^{-1}$

Ejercicio 3

$$M_{d,lim} = 358,43 \text{ kNm} \rightarrow A_{s,nec} = 22,36 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow 5\phi 25$$

$$\textit{Dominio 3: } \varepsilon_{s1} = 4,28\text{‰} \text{ , } \varepsilon_c = -3,5\text{‰}$$

$$z = 36,9 \text{ cm} \rightarrow z/h \cong 0,74$$

$$\textit{Curvatura: } 1/r = 17,28 \text{ km}^{-1}$$

Ejercicio 4

Viga doblemente armada,

$$A_{s1,nec} = 27,62 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow (4 + 2)\phi 25 \text{ doble capa}$$

$$A_{s2,nec} = 5,27 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow 5\phi 12$$

$$\textit{Dominio 3: } \varepsilon_{s1} = 4,28\text{‰} \text{ , } \varepsilon_c = -3,5\text{‰}$$

$$\textit{Curvatura: } 1/r = 17,28 \text{ km}^{-1}$$

$$C_c = T'_{s1} = 972 \text{ kN} \text{ , } C_{s2} = T''_{s1} = 228,9 \text{ kN}$$

Ejercicio 5

$$M_u = 503,62 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{Dominio 3: } \varepsilon_{s1} = 3,06\text{‰} , \varepsilon_c = -3,5\text{‰}$$

$$x/d = 0,53$$

Ejercicio 6**Esquema de cálculo :**

Espesor de pilares : $t_i = 0.3 < h \rightarrow$ Viga simplemente apoyada

$$L_{calc} = 6.5 + 0.15 + 0.15 = 6.8m$$

$$q_{pp} = 0.3m * 0.65m * 25kN/m^3 = 4.875kN/m$$

$$q_{SCU} = 65kN/m$$

$$q_d = 1.35 * q_{pp} + 1.50 * q_{SCU} = 104.08kN/m$$

Solicitaciones de diseño :

$$M_d = q_d * \frac{L^2}{8} = 601.59kNm$$

Cálculo :

$$\mu = \frac{M_d}{b * d^2 * f_{cd}} = \frac{601.59kNm}{0.3m * (0.6m)^2 * \left(\frac{25MPa}{1.5}\right)} = 0.334 > 0.295 \rightarrow \text{Viga doblemente armada}$$

$$\text{Impongo } \xi = \frac{x}{d} = 0.45 \rightarrow \mu_c = 0.8 * \xi * (1 - 0.4\xi) = 0.295 \rightarrow \omega_{lim} = 1 - \sqrt{1 - 2\mu_c} = 0.360$$

$$\delta' = \frac{d'}{d} = \frac{0.05}{0.6} = 0.083$$

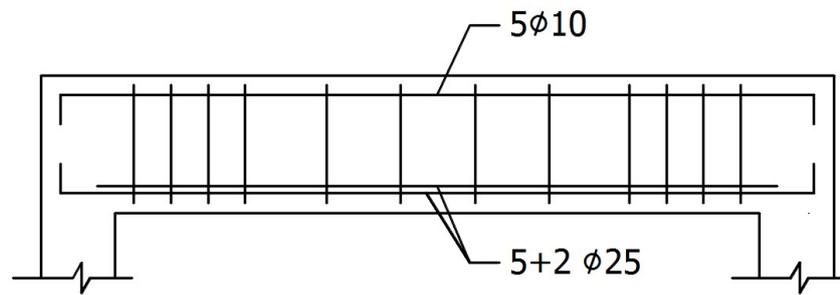
Entonces sabiendo :

$$\mu = \mu_c + (1 - \delta') * \omega_2 \rightarrow \omega_2 = \frac{\mu - \mu_c}{1 - \delta'} = \frac{0.334 - 0.295}{1 - 0.083} = 0.0426$$

$$\text{Se tiene entonces el área de acero } A_{s2} = \omega_2 * b * d * f_{cd}/f_{yd} = 3.50cm^2 \rightarrow 5\emptyset 10$$

Para obtener la armadura inferior :

$$\omega_1 = 0.36 + \omega_2 = 0.403 \rightarrow A_{s1} = \omega_1 * b * d * f_{cd}/f_{yd} = 33.07cm^2 \rightarrow (5 + 2)\emptyset 25 \text{ doble capa}$$



Ejercicio 7

Solución exacta,

$$M_u = 108,62 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{Dominio 2: } \varepsilon_{s1} = 10,0\text{‰} , \varepsilon_c = -2,26\text{‰}$$

$$x/d = 0,185$$

Solución aproximada despreciando colaboración de armadura superior,

$$M_u = 107,70 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{Dominio 2: } \varepsilon_{s1} = 10,0\text{‰} , \varepsilon_c = -2,80\text{‰}$$

$$x/d = 0,219$$