

1, M son personation NIW son vectores directores

Parametro
$$\mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} & & \\ \downarrow & \\ \uparrow & \\ \downarrow & \\ \downarrow & \\ \uparrow & \\ \downarrow &$$

Plano

The second the second that
$$X = \begin{bmatrix} P_1 \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} N_1 \\ N_2 \\ N_3 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \\ W_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Posametrica

r): (21×+b1y+c1z=d1 < reducida
(22×+b2y+c2z=d2)

< Reducida M: axtby+cz=d

(a) In gour passes part of points
$$P = (1,2.5)$$
, con vector director $P = (2,1.3)$;
(b) In gas passes part for points $A = (4.3.0) \cdot B = (1.0.1)$.

(a) $P = P + t \cdot V = P +$

Reducible

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \times -2 \right\} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

dos... . 2 ptos definar a una viva recta.

.3 ptos definer a un únio pleno. -> extex+cz=d

abxc definer al plero

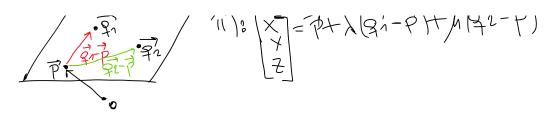
⇒3 ptos. resuelve el problema

$$A = |Q \wedge Q \wedge Q \rangle$$

$$A = |Q \wedge Q$$



11): [X]=7+X[]-7+M[2-P]



- 2. Hallar ecuaciones paramétricas y reducidas de los siguientes planos:
 - a) el que pasa por el punto (1,1,1) y tiene a (2,-1,1) y (1,0,-1) como vectores directores;
 - b) el que pasa por los puntos (1,1,1), (2,2,3) y (1,1,-2);
- c) el que pasa por el punto (1,1,1) y contiene a la recta dada por $\begin{cases} x+y+z+2=0, \\ x-y-z-2=0. \end{cases}$

P):
$$X = 1 + \lambda'2 + \mu/1$$
 Perametrial
$$Y = 1 + \lambda \mu/1 + \mu/0$$

$$Z = 1 + \lambda \mu/1 + \mu/1$$

$$Z = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \nearrow : & \times = P_1 + t N_1 \\ & \times = P_1 + t N_1 \\ & \times = P_3 + t N_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{R_1} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_3 \end{array} \xrightarrow{Exaler_{1.5}} \begin{array}{c} \nearrow t \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_1 \\ & \times P_2 \\ & \times P_$$

c) el que pasa por el punto
$$(1,1,1)$$
 y contiene a la recta dada por $\begin{cases} x+y+z+2=0, \\ x-y-z-2=0. \end{cases}$

The proof of the second $\begin{cases} x+y+z+2=0, \\ x-y-z-2=0. \end{cases}$

Simplify: $\begin{cases} x+y+z+2=0, \\ x-y-z-2=0. \end{cases}$

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 $\begin{cases} (0, -2, 0) = 971 \\ (0, -3, 1) = 971 \end{cases}$

Directores & P

$$\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{2} + \lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \mu \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \mu \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

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$$2x - 3y + 4z = -2, \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 2 - \lambda + \mu, \\ y = -1 - \lambda + 2\mu, \\ z = -2 - 2\lambda - \mu. \end{array} \right.$$

1- Conmo : Escribo les 2 peremétrios 11) x=P1+1N1+MW1 y=P2+1N1+MW1 Z=P3+1N5+MW3

Director Airector

2º Conino: Escribo les 2 implicies.

Reducide a -> peranétii a

 $2 \times 3 \times + 4 = 2$ $2 \times 3 \times + 4 = 2$ 7 = 7

(3/2,110) M +(-2,0,1) 7 b2

+(1,0,0) =P

Perametria
$$\begin{cases} \times = -1 + 3/2 \lambda - 2M \\ \times = \lambda \\ = M \end{cases}$$