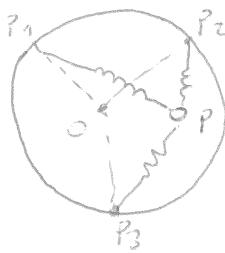


## Ejercicio 7



$$\begin{aligned}
 2) \quad & \vec{F} = -K(P-P_1) - K(P-P_2) - K(P-P_3) \\
 & = -3K(P-\omega) + K[(P_1-\omega) + (P_2-\omega) + (P_3-\omega)] \\
 & = -\underbrace{3K\vec{r}}_{K_{\text{eq}}} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad \vec{m} = -3K\vec{r}$$

$$mx = -3Kx \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \ddot{x} + \omega^2 x = 0, \quad \omega^2 = 3K/m$$

$$my = -3Ky \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \ddot{y} + \omega^2 y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = A \cos \omega t + B \sin \omega t$$

$$y(t) = C \cos \omega t + D \sin \omega t$$

Cond. Iniciales  $x(0) = x_0 \quad (\vec{r}_0 = x_0 \hat{i} + y_0 \hat{j})$   
 $y(0) = y_0$

$\dot{x}(0) = \dot{x}_0 \quad (\vec{v}_0 = \dot{x}_0 \hat{i} + \dot{y}_0 \hat{j})$   
 $\dot{y}(0) = \dot{y}_0$

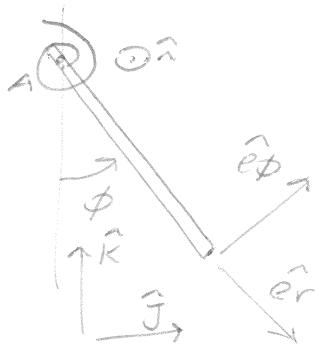
$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow x(t) &= x_0 \cos \omega t + \frac{\dot{x}_0}{\omega} \sin \omega t & : \vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_0 \cos \omega t + \frac{\vec{v}_0}{\omega} \sin \omega t \\
 y(t) &= y_0 \cos \omega t + \frac{\dot{y}_0}{\omega} \sin \omega t
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad \vec{r}_0 \perp \vec{v}_0 \quad y \quad v_0 = \omega r_0 \quad \text{desigual} \quad |\vec{r}| = r_0 \sqrt{1 + t^2}$$

$$\left( \vec{r} \cdot \vec{r} = r_0^2 \cos^2 \omega t + \frac{v_0^2}{\omega^2} \sin^2 \omega t + 2 \frac{\vec{r}_0 \cdot \vec{v}_0}{\omega} \cos \omega t \sin \omega t = r_0^2 + t^2 \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \vec{r}_0 \cdot \vec{v}_0 = 0 \\ v_0^2 = \frac{r_0^2}{\omega^2} \end{cases}$$

## Ejercicio 2



$$a) \vec{\omega} = I \times \vec{w}, \quad \vec{w} = \omega \hat{K} + \dot{\phi} \hat{\phi}$$

$$I_A [\hat{e}_r, \hat{e}_\phi, \hat{e}_K] = I \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

síntesis:

$$I = \int_0^{2l} \left(\frac{m}{2l}\right) x^2 dx = \left(\frac{m}{2l}\right) \frac{1}{3} (2l)^3 = \frac{4}{3} ml^2$$

$$\vec{w} = \omega (\sin \phi \hat{e}_\phi - \cos \phi \hat{e}_r) + \dot{\phi} \hat{e}_K$$

$$\vec{\omega} = I (\omega \sin \phi \hat{e}_\phi + \dot{\phi} \hat{e}_K)$$

$$b) \vec{\ddot{\omega}} = \vec{M}_A^{(\text{ext})}, \quad \vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{\ddot{\omega}} = -IK\dot{\phi} - mgl \sin \phi$$

$$\hat{e}_\phi \cdot \vec{\ddot{\omega}} = \vec{\ddot{\omega}} \times \hat{e}_\phi \cdot \vec{\omega} = \omega \hat{K} \times \hat{e}_\phi \cdot \vec{\omega} = -\omega \hat{J} \cdot \hat{e}_\phi = -\omega \cos \phi$$

$$\Rightarrow I \ddot{\phi} - \omega^2 I \sin \phi \cos \phi = -IK\dot{\phi} - mgl \sin \phi$$

$$I \ddot{\phi} + \frac{dU_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi} = 0, \quad \frac{dU_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi} = \sin \phi (mgl - \omega^2 I \cos \phi) + IK\phi$$

c)  $IK=0$ ; las posiciones de equilibrio estable corresponden a mínimos de  $U_{\text{ef}}$ :

$$\frac{dU_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi} = 0 : \sin \phi (mgl - \omega^2 I \cos \phi) = 0 : \begin{cases} \phi = 0, \pi \\ \cos \phi = \frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} \quad \text{si } \frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d^2U_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi^2} = \cos \phi (mgl - \omega^2 I \cos \phi) + \omega^2 I \underbrace{\sin \phi}_{1 - \cos^2 \phi} = mgl \cos \phi + \omega^2 I (1 - 2 \cos^2 \phi)$$

$$\left. \frac{d^2U_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi^2} \right|_{\phi=\pi} = -mgl - \omega^2 I < 0 : \phi = \pi \text{ es de equilibrio inestable}$$

$$\left. \frac{d^2U_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi^2} \right|_{\phi=0} = mgl - \omega^2 I > 0 \text{ si } \omega^2 < \frac{mgl}{I} : \phi = 0 \text{ estable si } \omega^2 < \frac{mgl}{I}$$

$$\left. \frac{d^2U_{\text{ef}}}{d\phi^2} \right|_{\cos \phi = mgl / \omega^2 I} = \frac{(mgl)^2}{\omega^2 I} + \omega^2 I \left( 1 - 2 \left( \frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} \right)^2 \right) = \omega^2 I \left( 1 - \left( \frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$> 0 \text{ si } \frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} < 1 : \text{ la posición de equilibrio es estable mientras existe}$$

Para el caso  $\frac{mgl}{\omega^2 I} = \gamma$  el criterio anterior no define la estabilidad;

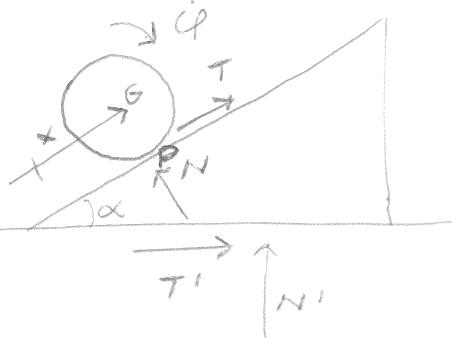
$$\frac{dU_{ef}}{d\phi} = \omega^2 I \sin \phi (\gamma - \cos \phi) \text{ que cumple: } \begin{cases} > 0 \text{ para } \phi \rightarrow 0^+ \\ < 0 \text{ para } \phi \rightarrow 0^- \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow \frac{dU_{ef}}{d\phi}$  es creciente alrededor de  $\phi = 0$ , por lo que esta posición de equilibrio es

un mínimo de  $U_{ef}$  y por lo tanto, es de equilibrio estable.

### Ejercicio 3

a) Suponiendo la curva en equilibrio:



$$T' - f \cos \alpha + N \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$N' - T \sin \alpha - N \cos \alpha - Mg = 0$$

La fuerza normal al disco en la dirección normal a la curva:

$$N - mg \cos \alpha = 0$$

Cuando el disco desliza:  $T = fN = fmg \cos \alpha$

Para que la curva no deslice:  $|T'| \leq f'N'$

$$\boxed{|f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N | \leq f' (f \sin \alpha + s \alpha N + M/m)}$$

b) Para C al disco según el plano inclinado:  $T - mg \sin \alpha = m \ddot{x}$

2da C al disco:

$$-RT = I G \ddot{\phi} = \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \ddot{\phi}$$

$$\boxed{T = fN : \begin{aligned} \ddot{x} &= g(f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N) \\ \ddot{\phi} &= -2g/R f \cos \alpha \end{aligned} : \quad \text{si } [f > \tan \alpha], \ddot{x} > 0 \text{ y el disco sube}}$$

c) El disco comienza a deslizar cuando  $\vec{v}_P = 0$ :  $\dot{x}(t^*) - R \dot{\phi}(t^*) = 0$ :

$$(\text{integrando las ecs. de mov.}) \quad g(f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N) t^* - (w_0 R - 2g f \cos \alpha t^*) = 0$$

$$\boxed{t^* = \frac{w_0 R}{g(3f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N)}}$$

$$\text{d) Para } t > t^* \text{ se conserva la energía: } mgh + \frac{1}{2} I_P \dot{\phi}^2 = mgh(t^*) + \frac{1}{2} I_P \dot{\phi}^2(t^*) \\ = mg s \alpha N x(t^*) + \frac{1}{2} I_P \dot{\phi}^2(t^*)$$

$$I_P = I_G + mR^2$$

$$\text{Cuando el disco se detiene tenemos: } mgh_{\max} = mg s \alpha N x(t^*) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} m R^2 \dot{\phi}^2(t^*)$$

$$h_{\max} = s \alpha N \frac{3}{2} g(f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N) t^{*2} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{R^2}{g} (w_0 - 2g f \cos \alpha t^*)^2$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3}{2} s \alpha N g (f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N) + \frac{3}{4} g (f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N)^2 \right] t^{*2}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3}{2} [s \alpha N (f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N) + \frac{3}{2} (f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N)^2] \right] \frac{w_0^2 R^2}{g (3f \cos \alpha - s \alpha N)^2}$$