

Curso

SISTEMAS Y CONTROL

Clase 14

Fotogramas de los pizarrones de clases filmadas

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Este material fue elaborado como material de apoyo para ser utilizado por los estudiantes de este curso de Ingeniería Eléctrica de la Facultad de Ingeniería, Universidad de la República (UdelaR).

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Clase 14 –

- Respuesta del Sistema de Parámetros Concentrados (– resumen).
- Respuesta Temporal 1 (Respuesta temporal del Sistema de Parámetros Concentrados a entradas específicas)
 - Expresión general
 - Sistema de orden1

Esta clase hace uso de las transparencias “sistemas_1er_orden.pdf”

SIST. DIN. de PARÁMETROS CONCENTRADOS LINEAL

SIST.

SOL. GEN.

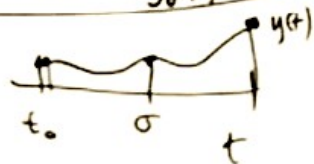
$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)u(t) \\ y(t) = C(t)x(t) + D(t)u(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= \phi(t, t_0)x_0 + \int_{t_0}^t \phi(t, \sigma)B(\sigma)u(\sigma)d\sigma \\ y(t) &= C(t)\phi(t, t_0)x_0 + \int_{t_0}^t [C(t)\phi(t, \sigma)B(\sigma) + D(t)]u(\sigma)d\sigma \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}(t) &= A x(t) + B u(t) \\ y(t) &= C x(t) + D u(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= e^{A(t-t_0)}x_0 + \int_{t_0}^t e^{A(t-\sigma)}B u(\sigma)d\sigma \\ y(t) &= C e^{A(t-t_0)}x_0 + \int_{t_0}^t [C e^{A(t-\sigma)}B + D]u(\sigma)d\sigma \end{aligned}$$

$y_0(s)$



$Y_0(s)$

$$y_0(t) = \int_{t_0}^t \mathcal{H}(t, \sigma) u(\sigma) d\sigma$$

$$\text{con } \mathcal{H}(t, \sigma) = [C(t)\phi(t, \sigma)B(\sigma) + D(t)]$$

$$y_0(s) = \int_{t_0}^t \mathcal{H}(t, \sigma) u(\sigma) d\sigma$$

$$\text{con } \mathcal{H}(t, \sigma) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{A(t-\sigma)} \\ C e^{A(t-\sigma)} B + D \end{bmatrix}$$

$Y_n(s)$

$$Y(s) = H(s) U(s)$$

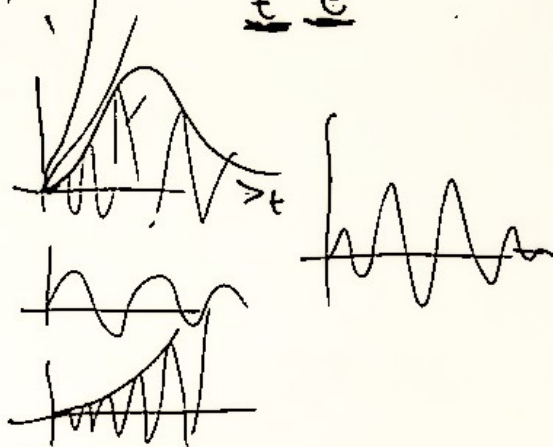
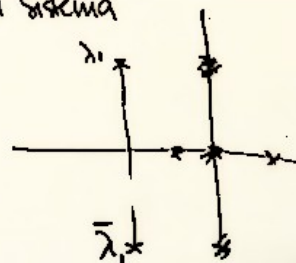
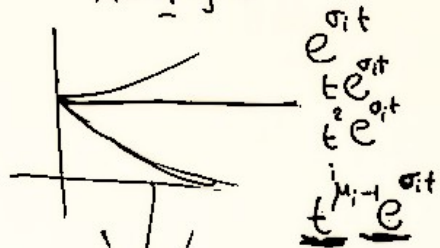
$$\text{con } H(s) = [C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D]$$

$$H(s) = \mathcal{L} \left\{ \mathcal{H}(t) \right\}$$

① $\mathcal{L}\{e^{At}\} = (sI - A)^{-1}$ $d(s) = \det(sI - A)$

$\mathcal{L}\{e^{At}\} = \left\{ \frac{N_i(s)}{d(s)} \Rightarrow e^{At} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=0}^{\mu_i-1} \alpha_{ij}^{(k)} t^j e^{(\sigma_i + j\omega_i)t} \right\} \right\}$

$d(\lambda_i) = 0$ $\lambda_i, i=1..n$ autovalores de A , polos del sistema
 $\lambda_i = \sigma_i + j\omega_i$

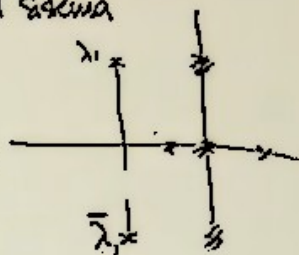


$$\textcircled{1} \mathcal{L}\{e^{At}\} = (sI - A)^{-1} \quad d(s) = \det(sI - A)$$

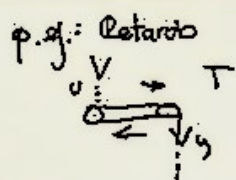
$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{At}\} = \left\{ \frac{n_{ij}(s)}{d(s)} \right\} \Rightarrow e^{At} = \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{r_{ij}^{kl}}{s - \lambda_i} \right)^j e^{\sigma_i t} (\sin \omega_i t + \frac{r_{ij}^{kl}}{\omega_i}) \right\}$$

$$d(\lambda_i) = 0$$

$\lambda_i, i=1..n$ autovalores de A, polos del sistema
 $\lambda_i = \sigma_i + j\omega_i$



$$\textcircled{2} y_\sigma = \int_{t_0}^t \mathcal{L}\{(t-\sigma)u(\sigma)\} d\sigma \quad u \rightarrow \boxed{S} \rightarrow y$$

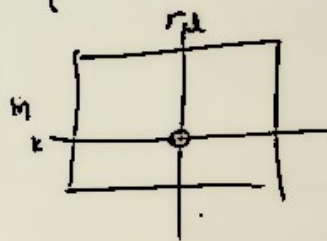


$$y(t) = u(t-T)$$

$$h(t) = \delta_{t-T}$$

$$\boxed{H(s) = e^{-sT}}$$

$$H(s) = \left\{ \frac{n_{kl}(s)}{d(s)} \right\}$$

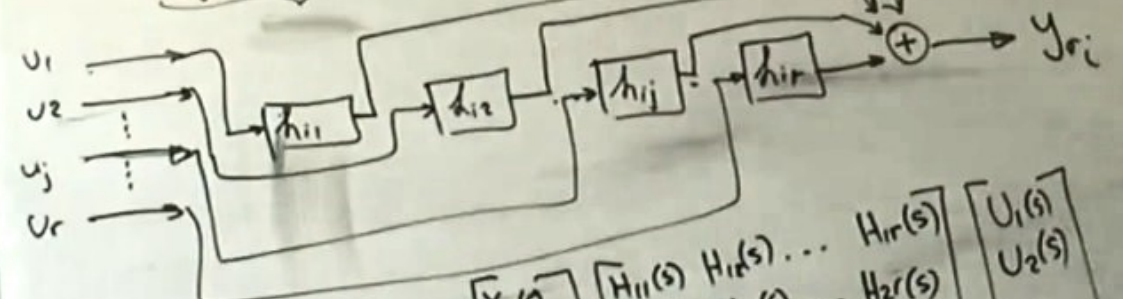


③ $y_{\sigma}(t)?$

$$y_{\sigma}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{\sigma_1}(t) \\ y_{\sigma_2}(t) \\ \vdots \\ y_{\sigma_i}(t) \\ \vdots \\ y_{\sigma_m}(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \int_{t_0}^t \begin{bmatrix} h_{11}(t-\sigma) & h_{12}(t-\sigma) & \dots & h_{1r}(t-\sigma) \\ h_{21}(t-\sigma) & h_{22}(t-\sigma) & \dots & h_{2r}(t-\sigma) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ h_{i1}(t-\sigma) & h_{i2}(t-\sigma) & \dots & h_{ir}(t-\sigma) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ h_{m1}(t-\sigma) & h_{m2}(t-\sigma) & \dots & h_{mr}(t-\sigma) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1(\sigma) \\ u_2(\sigma) \\ \vdots \\ u_j(\sigma) \\ \vdots \\ u_r(\sigma) \end{bmatrix} d\sigma$$

$$y_{\sigma_i}(t) = \int_{t_0}^t h_{i1}(t-\sigma)u_1(\sigma)d\sigma + \int_{t_0}^t h_{i2}(t-\sigma)u_2(\sigma)d\sigma + \dots + \int_{t_0}^t h_{ij}(t-\sigma)u_j(\sigma)d\sigma + \dots + \int_{t_0}^t h_{ir}(t-\sigma)u_r(\sigma)d\sigma$$



$$Y_{\sigma}(s) = H(s)U(s)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_{\sigma_1}(s) \\ Y_{\sigma_2}(s) \\ \vdots \\ Y_{\sigma_m}(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} H_{11}(s) & H_{12}(s) & \dots & H_{1r}(s) \\ H_{21}(s) & H_{22}(s) & \dots & H_{2r}(s) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ H_{m1}(s) & H_{m2}(s) & \dots & H_{mr}(s) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_1(s) \\ U_2(s) \\ \vdots \\ U_r(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$Y_{\sigma}(s) = H(s)U(s)$