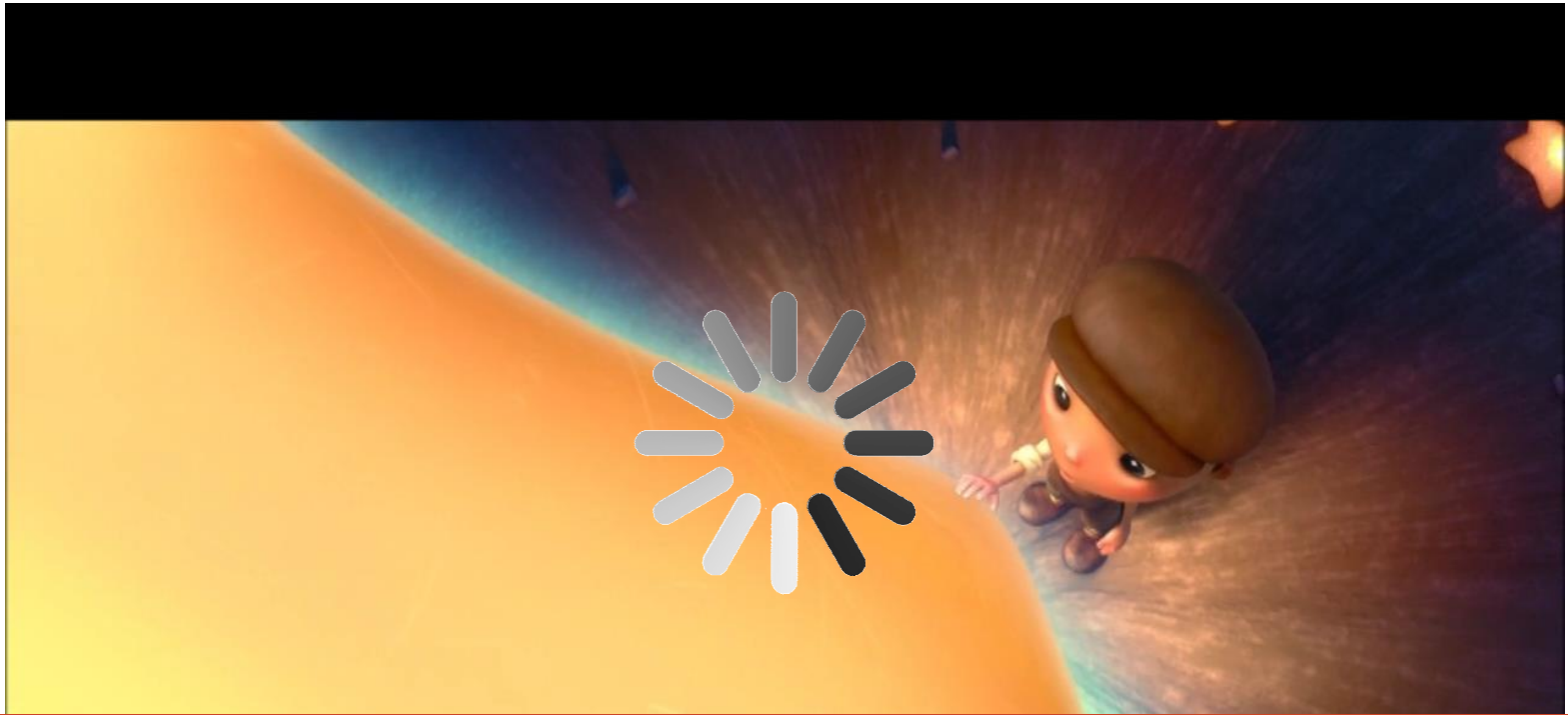


# Neural Adaptive Video Streaming with Pensieve

Hongzi Mao

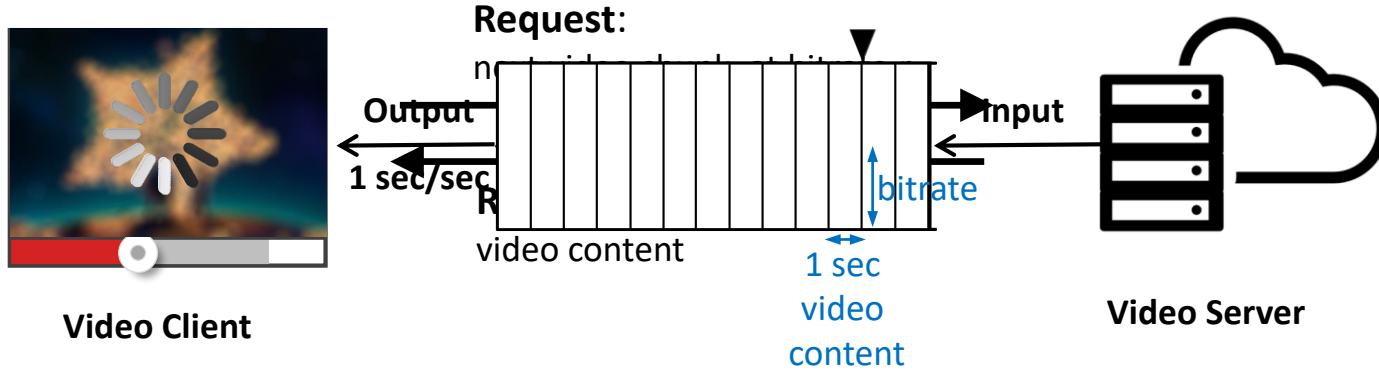
Ravi Netravali Mohammad Alizadeh



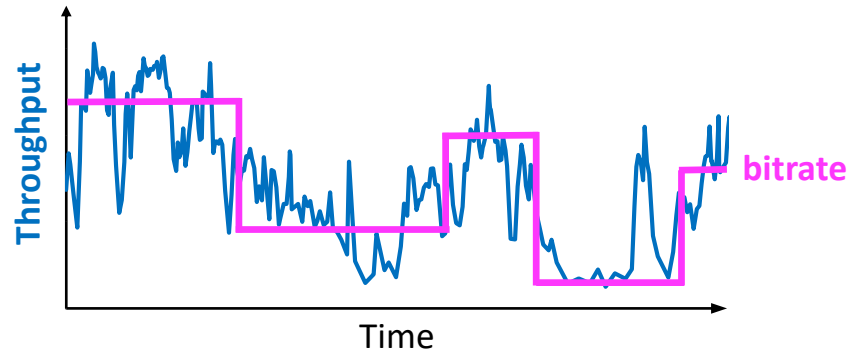


Users start leaving if video doesn't play in 2 seconds

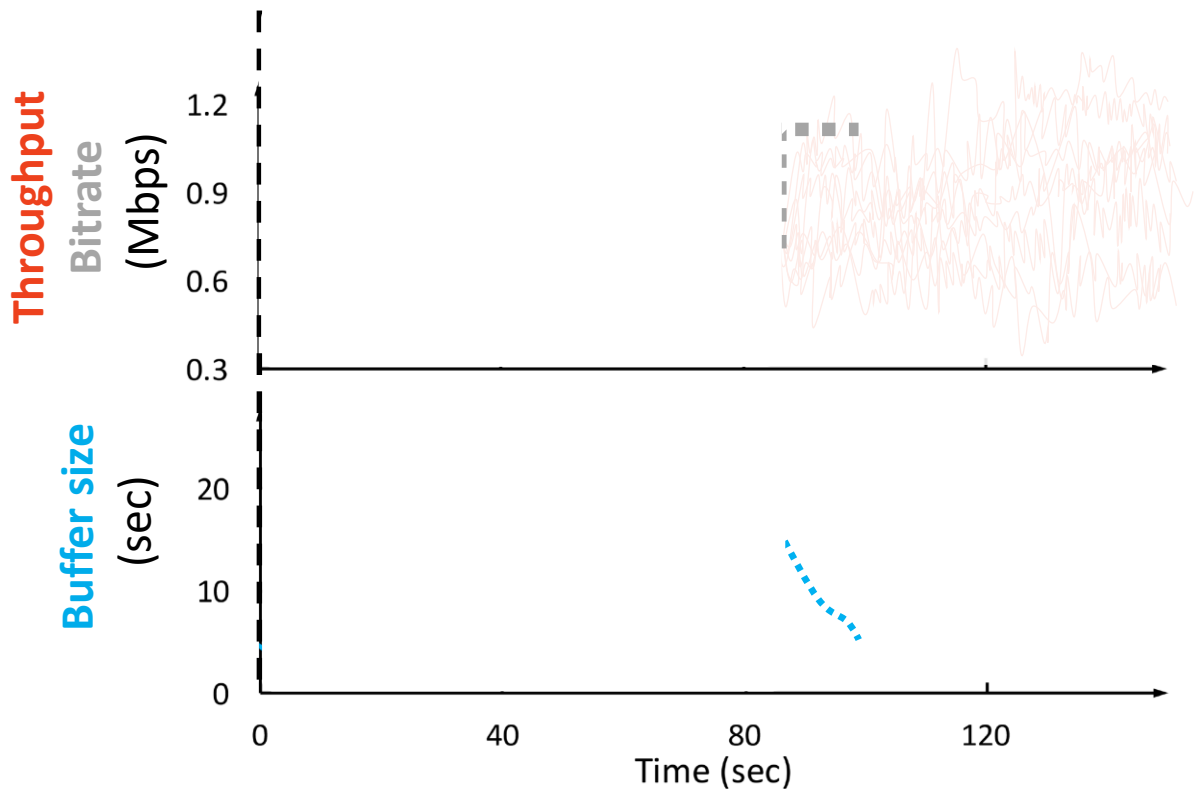
# Dynamic Streaming over HTTP (DASH)



## Adaptive Bitrate (ABR) Algorithms



# Why is ABR Challenging?



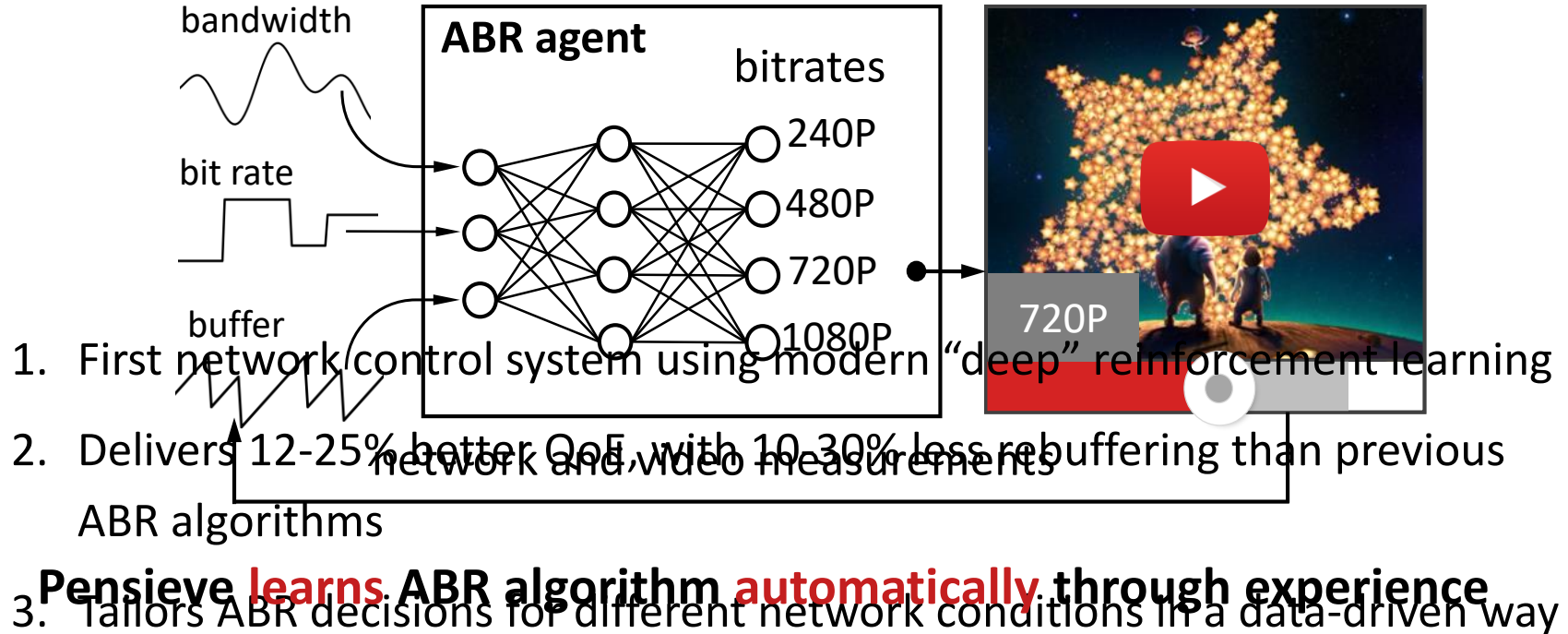
Network throughput is variable & uncertain

Conflicting QoE goals

- Bitrate
- Rebuffering time
- Smoothness

Cascading effects of decisions

# Our Contribution: Pensieve

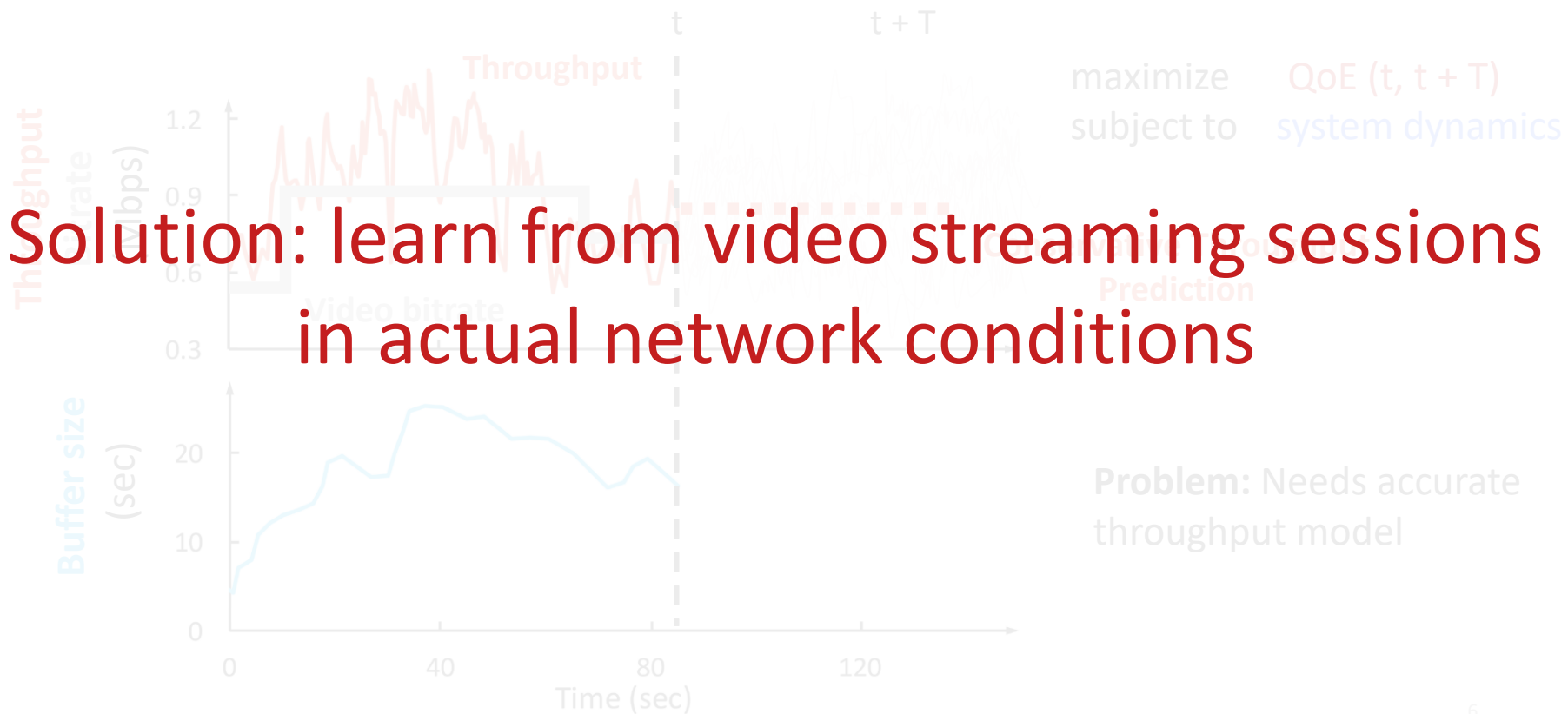


# Previous Fixed ABR Algorithms

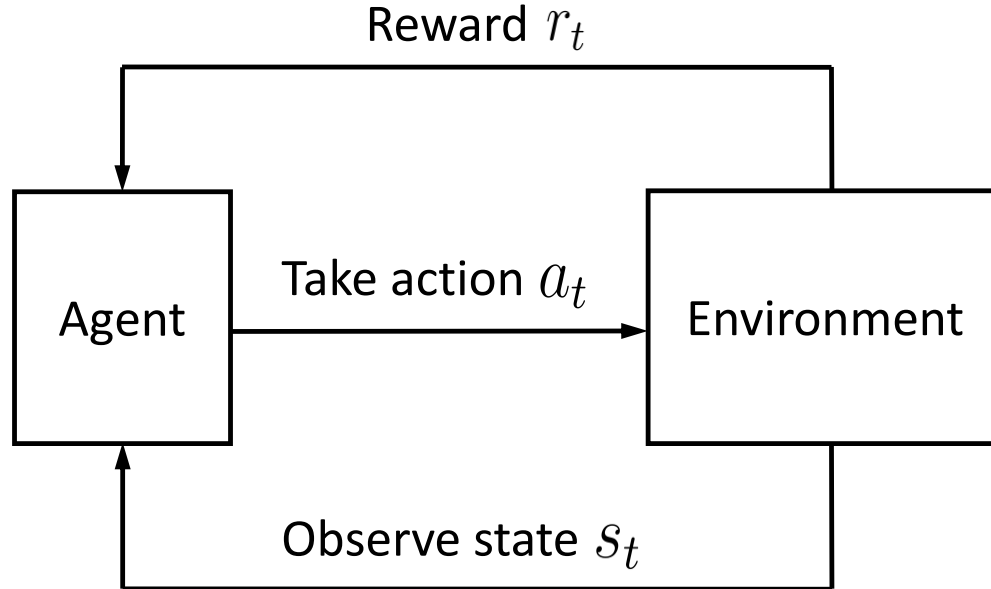
- Rate-based: pick bitrate based on **predicted throughput**
  - FESTIVE [CoNEXT'12], PANDA [JSAC'14], CS2P [SIGCOMM'16]
- Buffer-based: pick bitrate based on **buffer occupancy**
  - BBA [SIGCOMM'14], BOLA [INFOCOM'16]
- Hybrid: use both throughput prediction & buffer occupancy
  - PBA [HotMobile'15], MPC [SIGCOMM'15]

Simplified inaccurate model leads to suboptimal performance

# Example: Model Predictive Control



# Reinforcement Learning



Goal: maximize the cumulative reward  $\sum_t r_t$

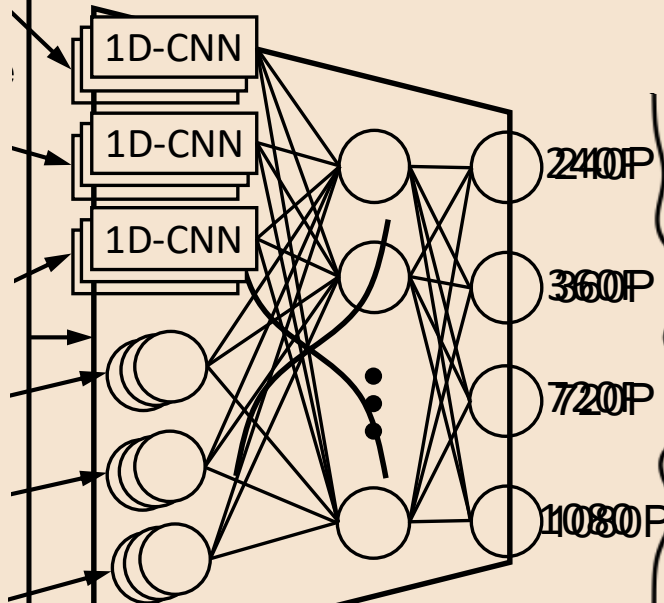


# Pensieve Design

State  $s_t$

Agent

Reward  $r_t$



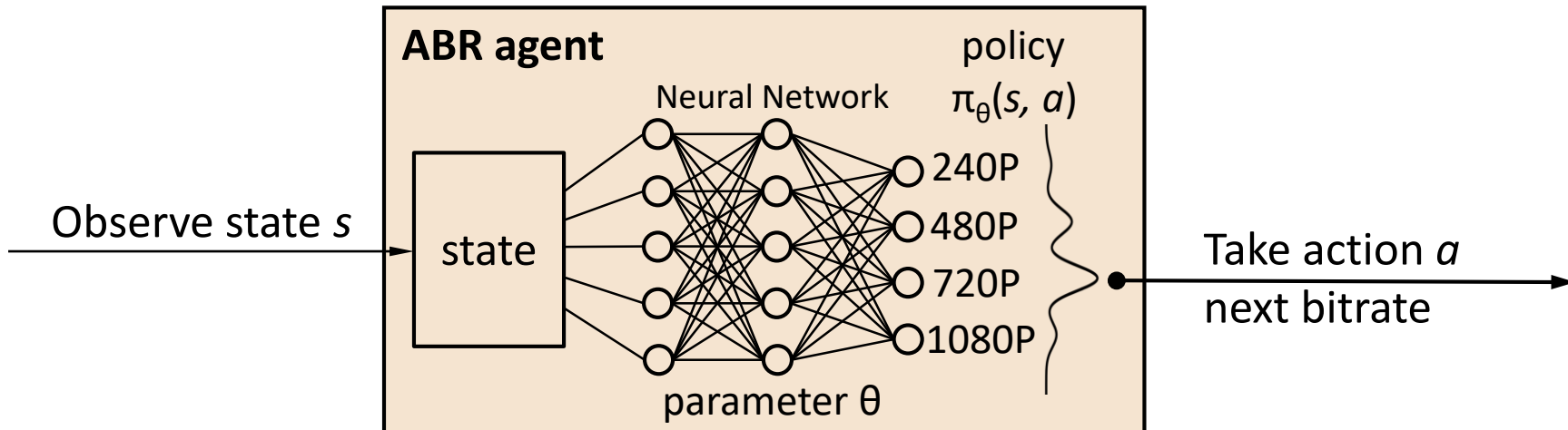
Action  $a_t$

Environment

720P



# How to Train the ABR Agent



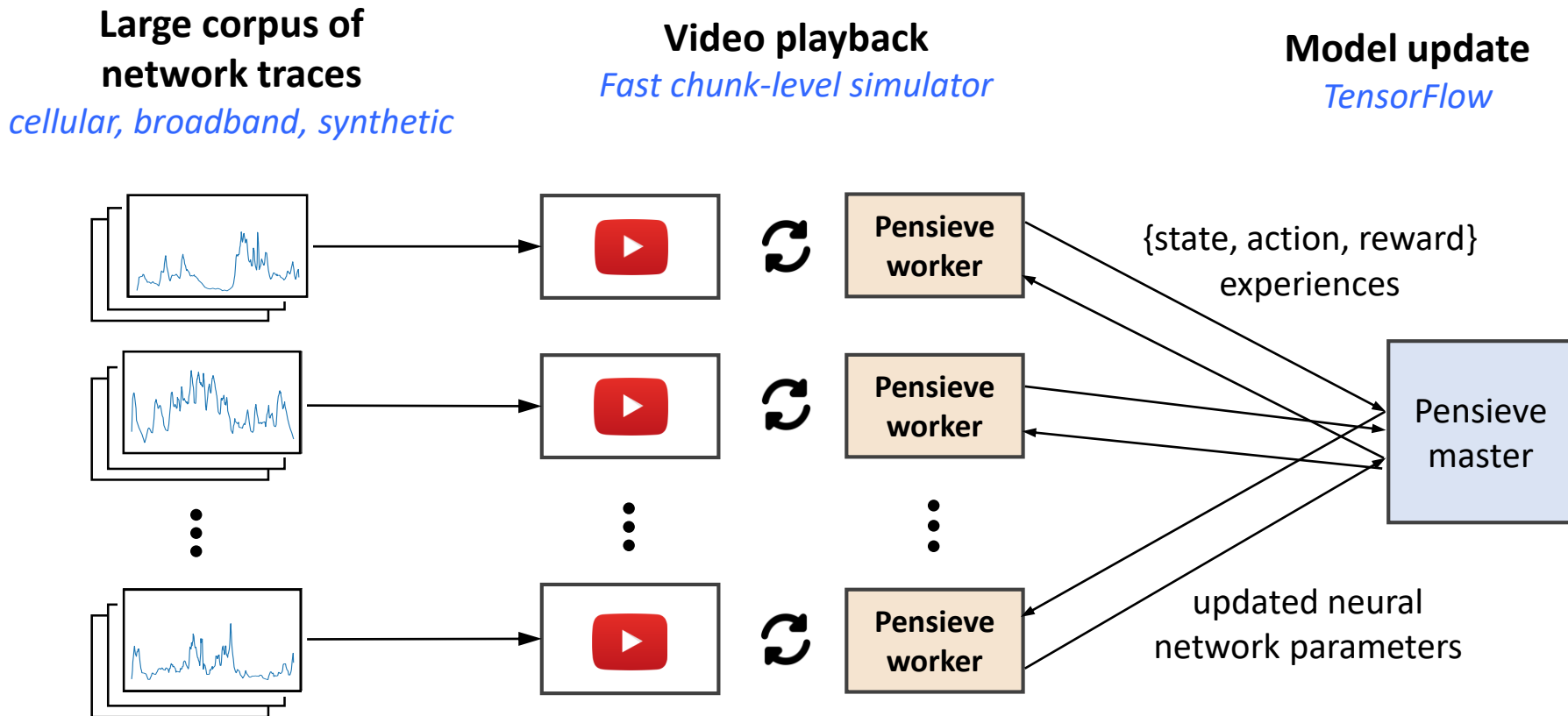
**Collect experience data:** trajectory of [state, action, reward]

**Training:**  $\theta \leftarrow \theta + \alpha \nabla_{\theta} \mathbb{E}_{\pi_{\theta}} \left[ \sum_t r_t \right]$  estimate from empirical data

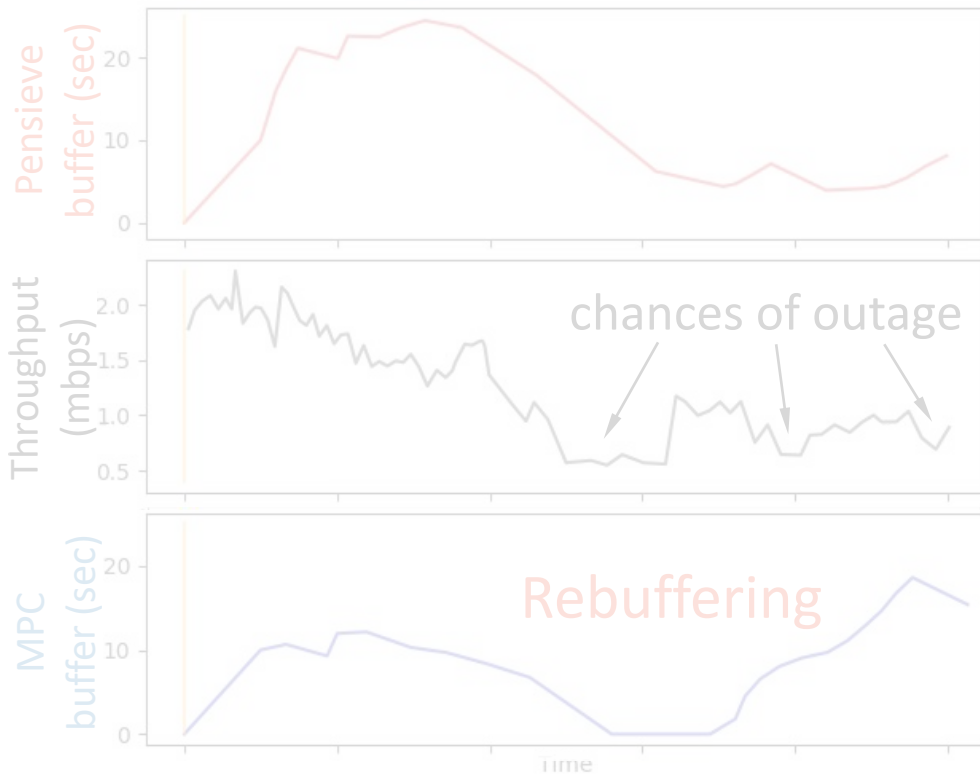
# What Pensieve is good at

- Learn the dynamics **directly from experience**
- Optimize the high level QoE objective **end-to-end**
- Extract control rules from **raw high-dimensional** signals

# Pensieve Training System

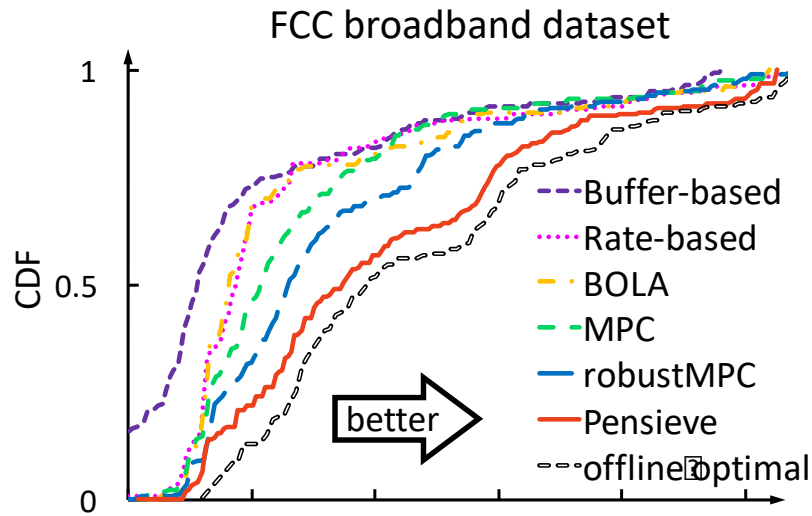
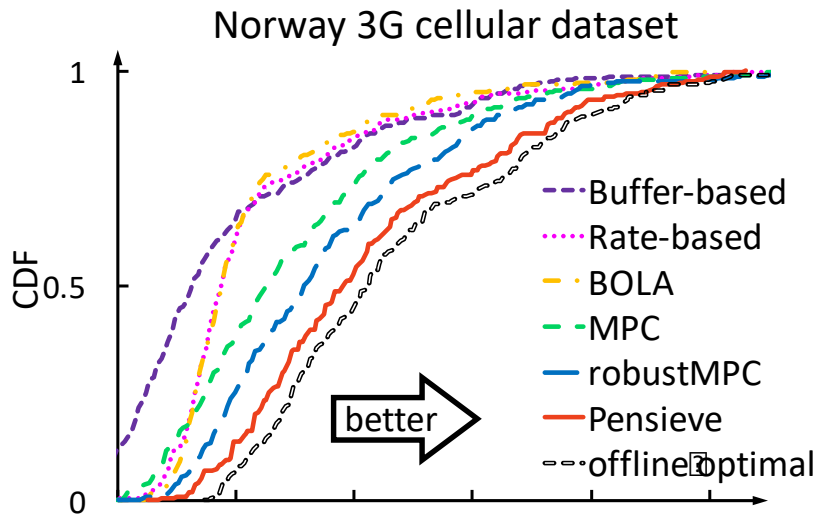


# Demo



# Trace-driven Evaluation

- **Dataset:** Two datasets, each dataset consists of 1000 traces, each trace 320 seconds.
- **Video:** 193 seconds. encoded at bitrates: {300, 750, 1200, 1850, 2850, 4300} kbps.
- **Video player:** Google Chrome browser **Video server:** Apache server



Pensieve improves the best previous scheme by 12-25%  
and is within 9-14% of the offline optimal

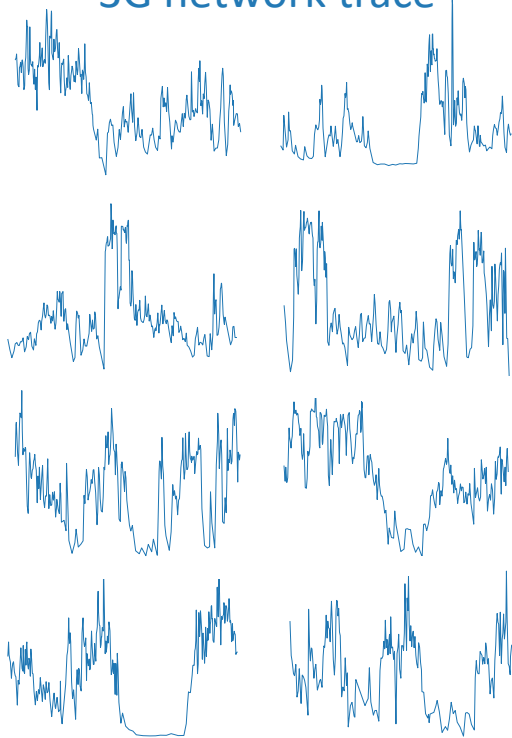
# QoE Breakdown



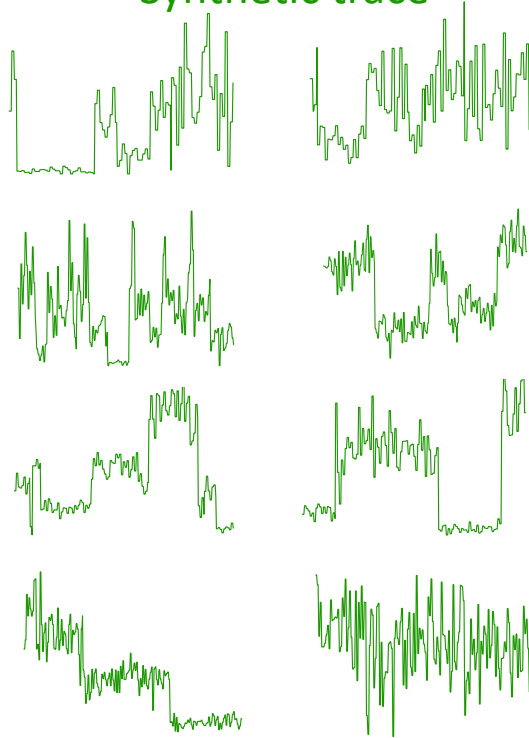
Pensieve reduces rebuffering by 10-32% over second best algorithm

# Does Pensieve Generalize?

3G network trace



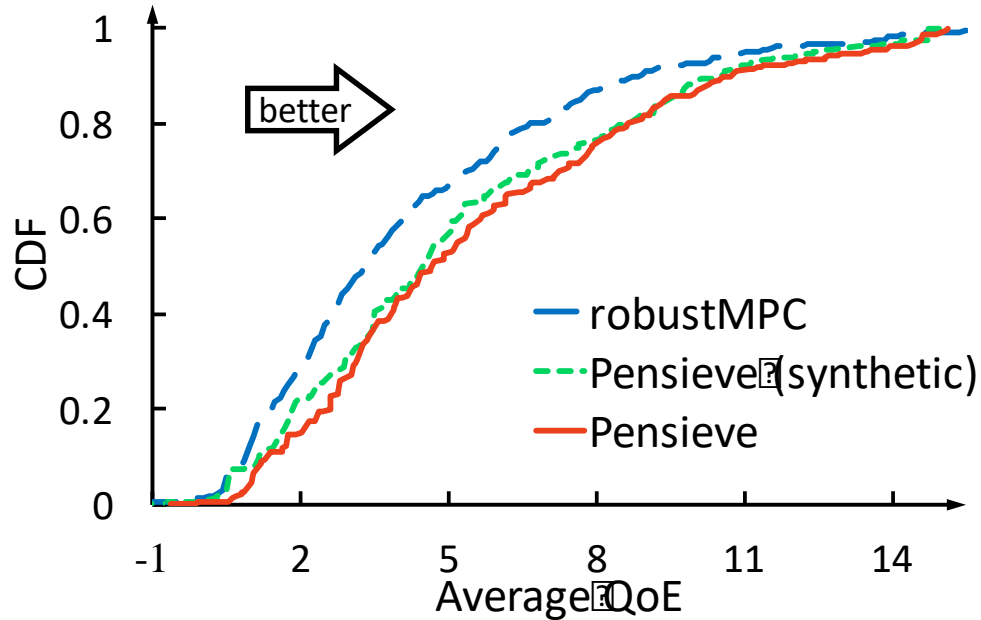
Synthetic trace



- Trace generated from a Hidden Markov model
- Covers a wide range of average throughput and network variation



# Does Pensieve Generalize?



Train on **synthetic traces** then test on **real 3G network trace**

Only 5% degradation compared with Pensieve trained on real network trace

# Other Evaluations

- Experiments in the wild (LTE, public WiFi, international link)
- Controlled experiment for testing optimality
- Multi-video extension
- Sensitivity analysis

# Lessons We Learned

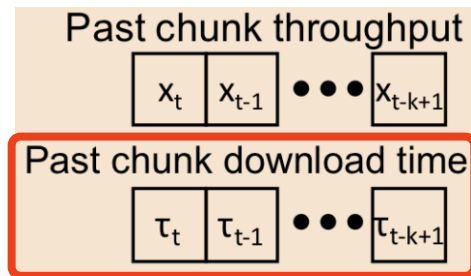
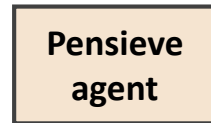
1. Build a fast experimentation/simulation platform

2. Data diversity is more important than “accuracy”

3. Think carefully about controller state space (observation signals)

- Too large a state space → slow & difficult learning
- Too small a state space → loss of information
- → When in doubt, include rather than cut the signal

Coarse-grain chunk simulator



# Summary

- Pensieve uses Reinforcement Learning to generate ABR algorithms
- Pensieve optimizes different network conditions through experience
- Pensieve outperforms existing approaches across a wide range of network environments and QoE preferences
- Policies generated by Pensieve have strong ability to generalize

<http://web.mit.edu/pensieve/>