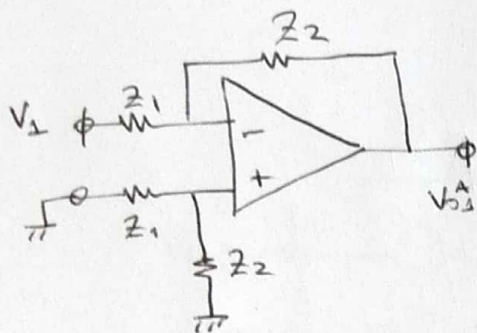
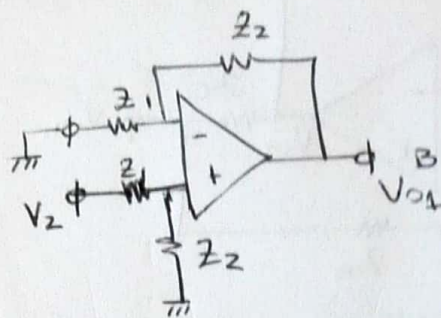


a)



$$V_{OA}^A = -\frac{Z_2}{Z_1} V_1$$

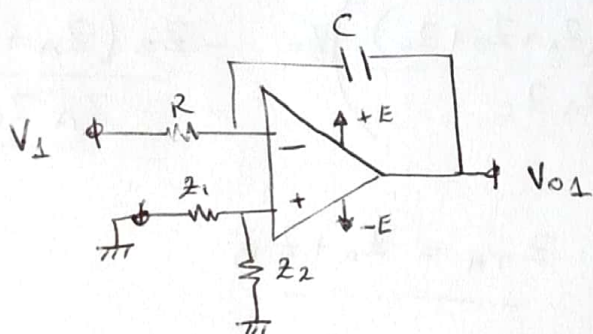


$$V_{OA}^B = \left(1 + \frac{Z_2}{Z_1}\right) \left(\frac{Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} \cdot V_2\right) = \frac{Z_2}{Z_1} V_2$$

Superp.:

$$1) \quad V_{OA} = V_{OA}^A + V_{OA}^B = \frac{Z_2}{Z_1} (V_2 - V_1)$$

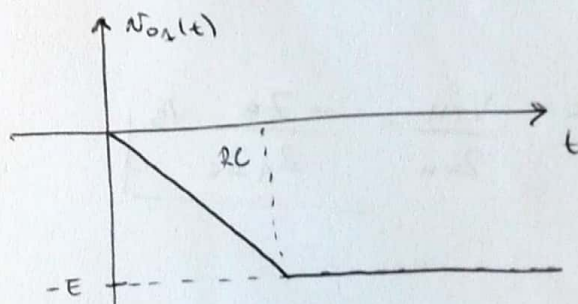
u)



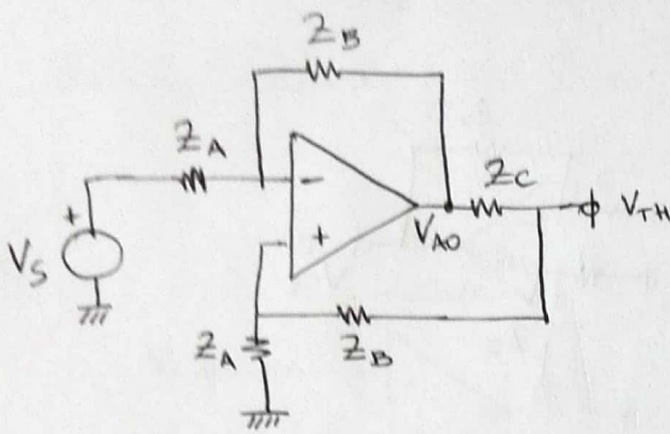
$$V_{OA}(s) = -\frac{1}{RCs} V_1(s) = -E \cdot \frac{t}{RC}$$

Mientras A.O en Zona Lineal.

$$V_{OA}(t) = \begin{cases} -\frac{E}{RC} \cdot t, & 0 < t < RC \\ -E, & t > RC \end{cases}$$



b)



$$e^+ = e^- \Rightarrow \frac{Z_A}{Z_A + Z_B + Z_C} V_{AO} = \frac{Z_A}{Z_A + Z_B} V_{AO} + \frac{Z_B}{Z_A + Z_B} V_S$$

$$V_{AO} = \frac{-Z_B (Z_A + Z_B + Z_C)}{Z_A Z_C} \cdot V_S$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{TH} = \frac{(Z_A + Z_B)}{Z_A + Z_B + Z_C} \left(\frac{-Z_B (Z_A + Z_B + Z_C)}{Z_A Z_C} \right) V_S = \frac{-Z_B (Z_A + Z_B) \cdot V_S}{Z_A Z_C}$$

$$Z_{TH} (V_S = 0)$$

$$V_{AO} = E \Rightarrow \underline{Z_{TH} = Z_A + Z_B}$$

$$I_{CC} = \frac{V_{TH}}{Z_{TH}} = \frac{-Z_B}{Z_A Z_C} V_S$$

c) $Z_A = Z_B = Z_C = R \Rightarrow \begin{cases} V_{TH} = -2V_s \\ Z_{TH} = 2R \end{cases}$

