

Detalles Constructivos Básicos del Transformador

(1)

* Núcleo: Estructuras.

(Fotos y Transparencias).

Material: Acero-Silicio: Histéresis, μ , ρ , saturación.

* Bobinado.

Estructura.

Sección del conductor $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bigcirc \\ \square \end{array} \right.$; Aislación: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Papel.} \\ \text{Algodón.} \\ \text{Cartón.} \end{array} \right.$; Capas.

Núcleo + Bobinado = Parte Activa.

* Enfriamiento y Aislación $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{aire.} \\ \text{aceite. aislante.} \\ \text{Sólidos.} \end{array} \right.$ (Baja Potencia y Tensión).
(Media Tensión).

Cuba. Tanque de Expansión. Filtro aire (Silicagel).
Sellados.

* Radiadores. Circulación Forzada. ONAN / ONAF / OFAF.

* Montaje: Pasa tapa (bushings).

* Conmutadores.

* Protecciones Propias. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Nivel de Aceite.} \\ \text{Temperatura de Aceite.} \\ \text{Imagen térmica.} \\ \text{Relé Buchholz.} \\ \text{Corriente de Tierra} \end{array} \right.$

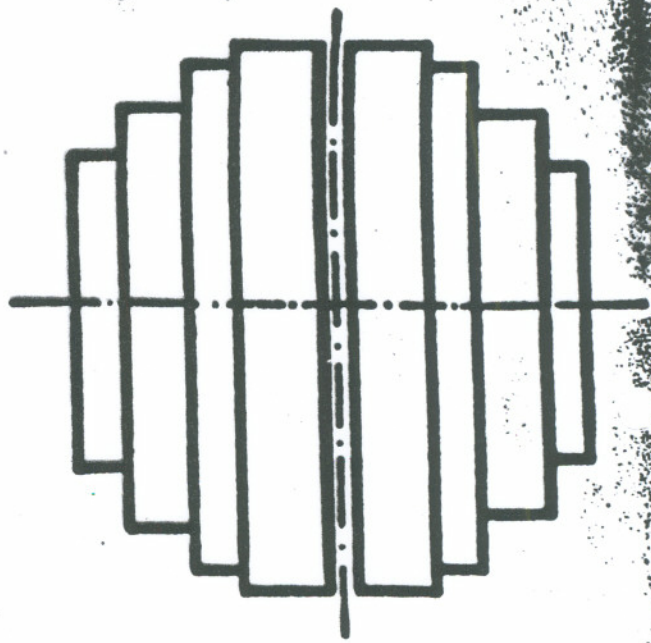
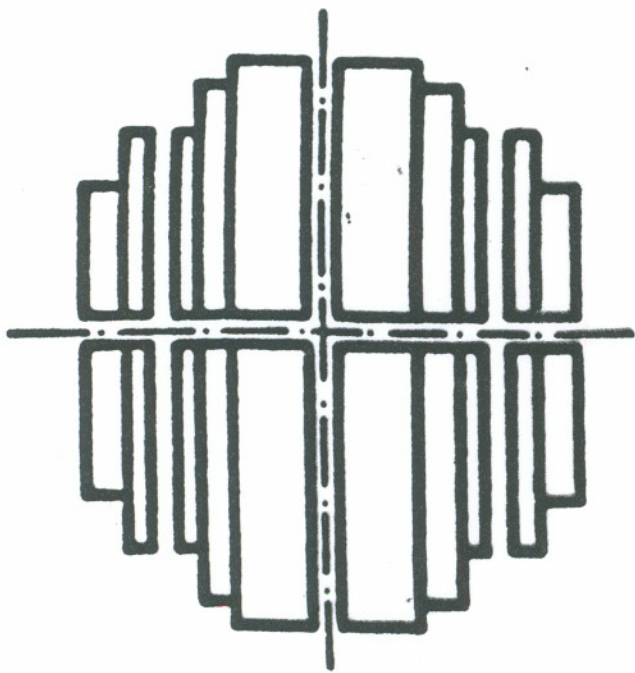
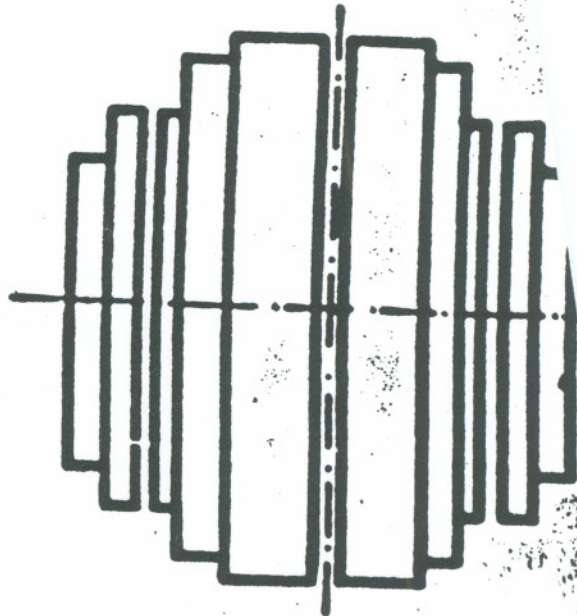
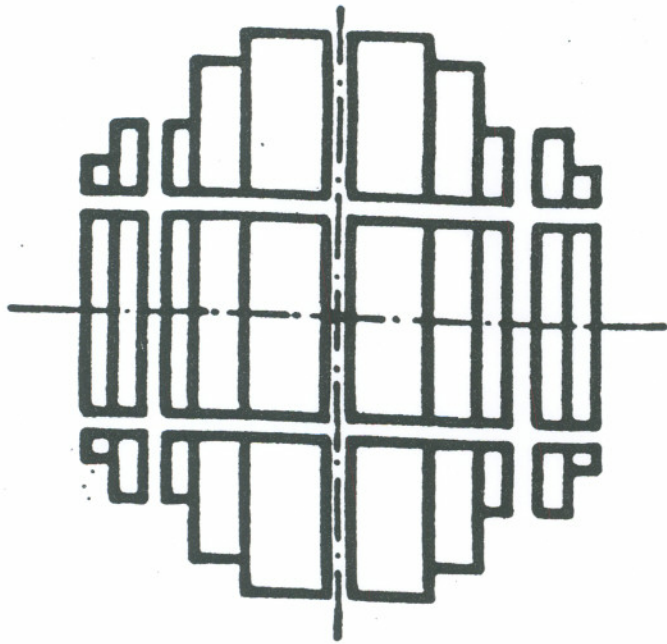
* MANTENIMIENTO S/ACEITE.

→ Nivel.

→ Humedad ($\epsilon \downarrow$). Medida de Rigidez.

→ Acidez. (ataca el papel). (vejez).

→ Gases Disueltos. → puntos calientes. (Cromatografía).



(11)

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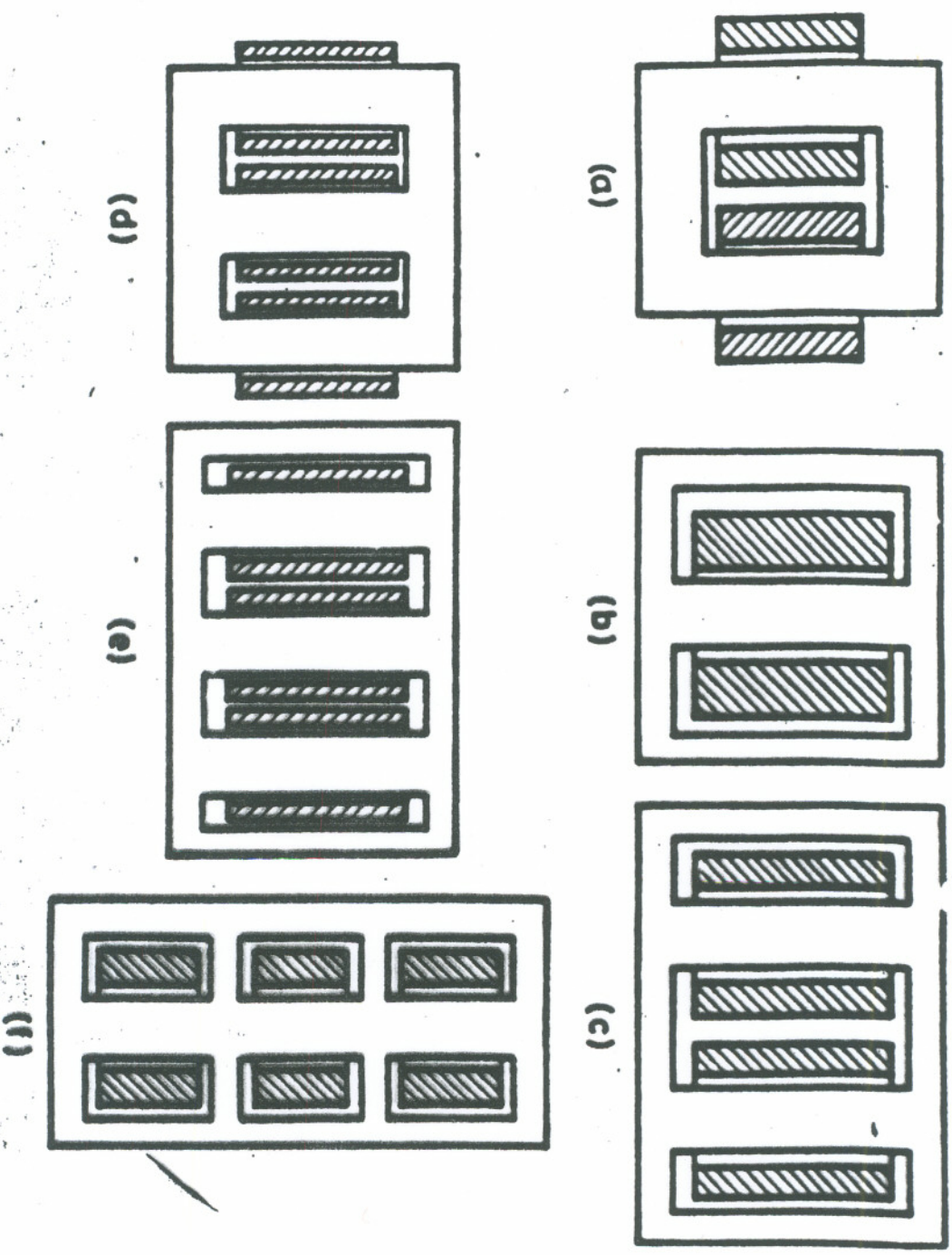
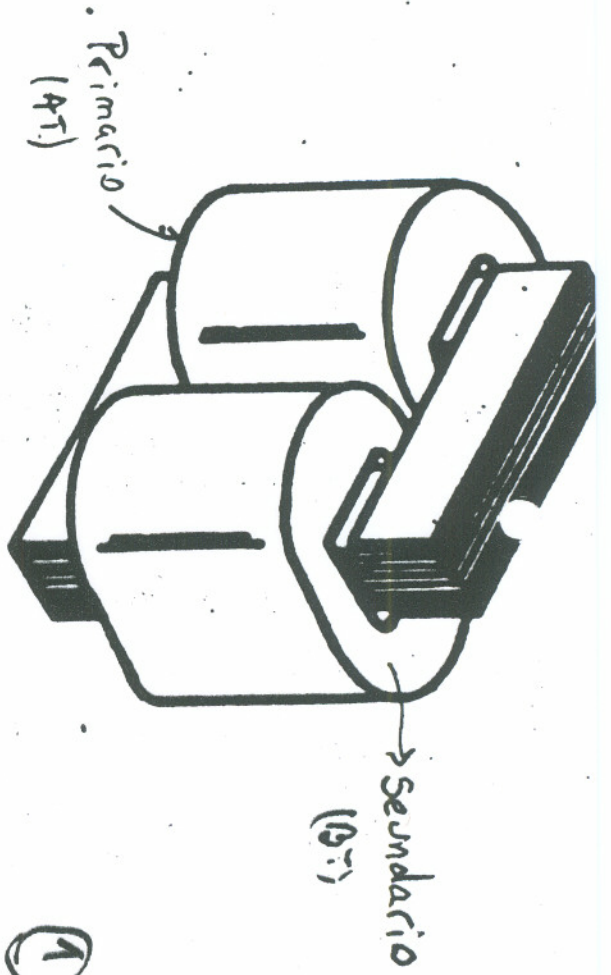
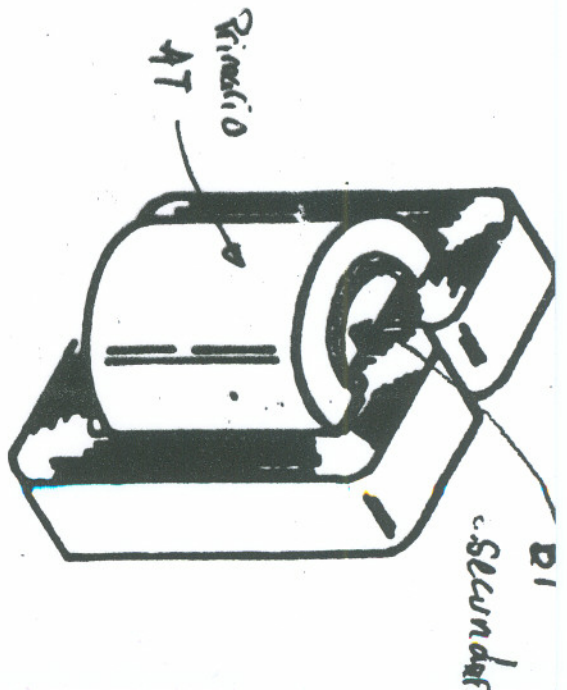


Fig. 2.22. Various core types: (a) single-phase two-limb core-type; (b) single-phase single-limb shell-type; (c) single-phase two-limb shell-type; (d) three-phase core-type; (e) three-phase five-limb core; (f) three-phase shell-type core

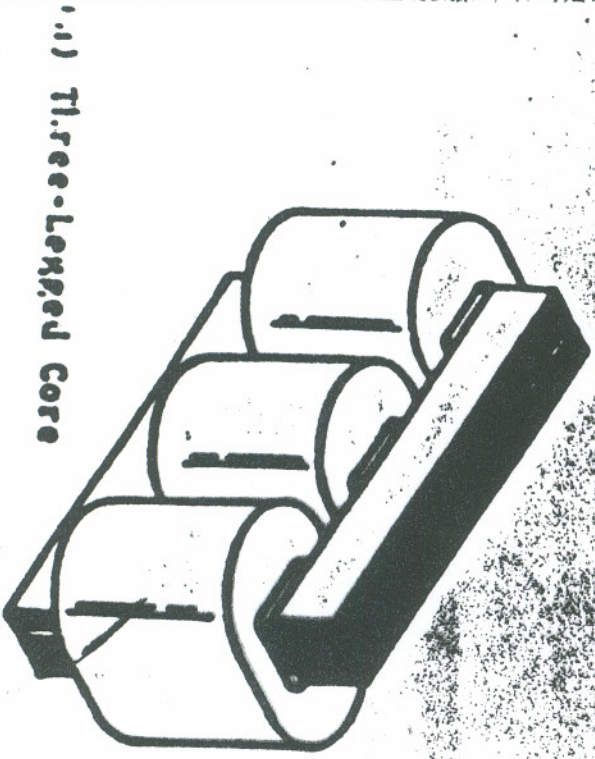


(a) Core Type

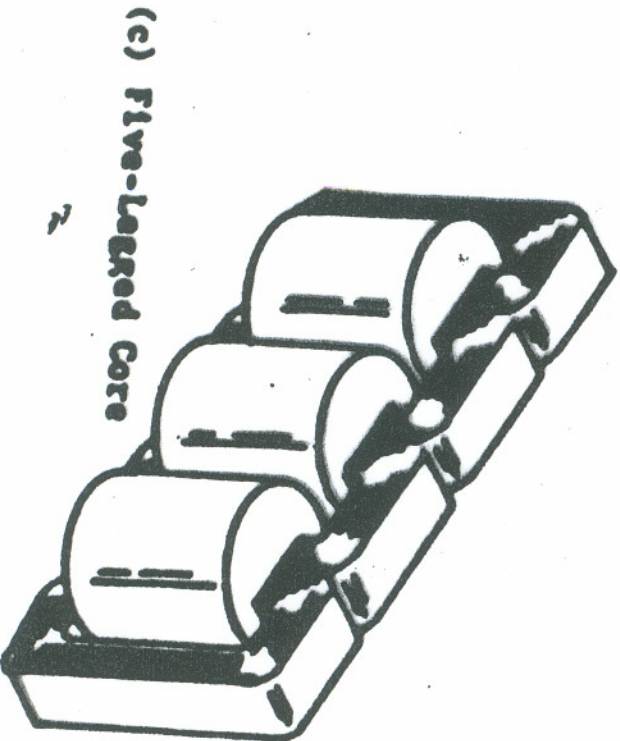
①



(b) Shell Type



(c) Three-Legged Core



(c) Five-Legged Core

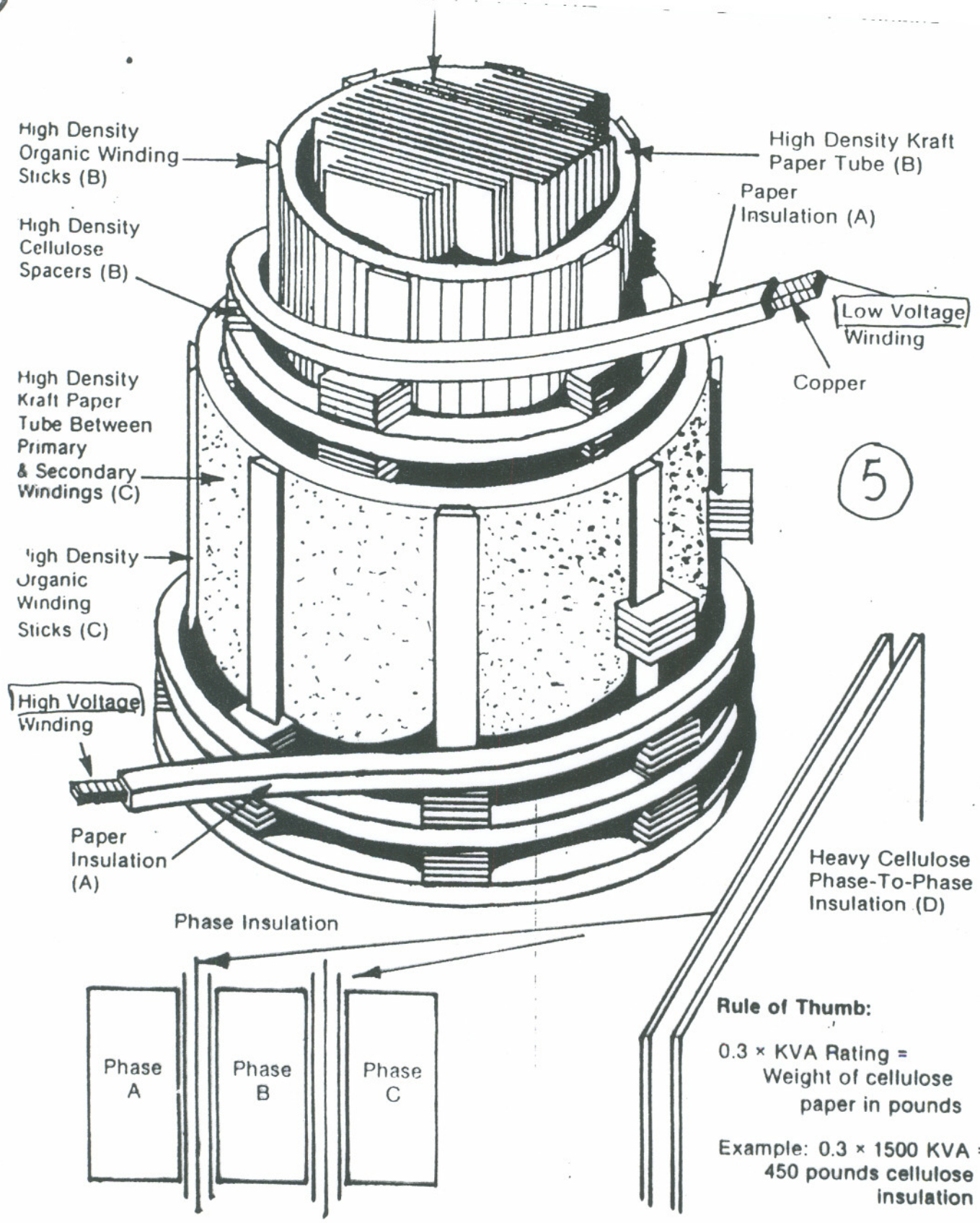
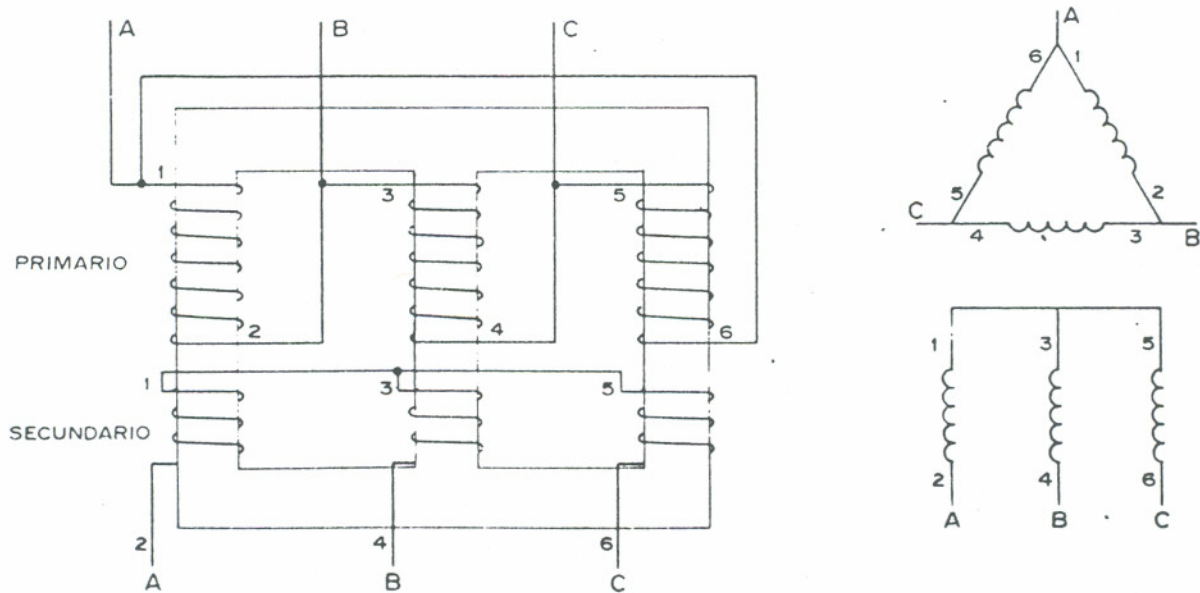
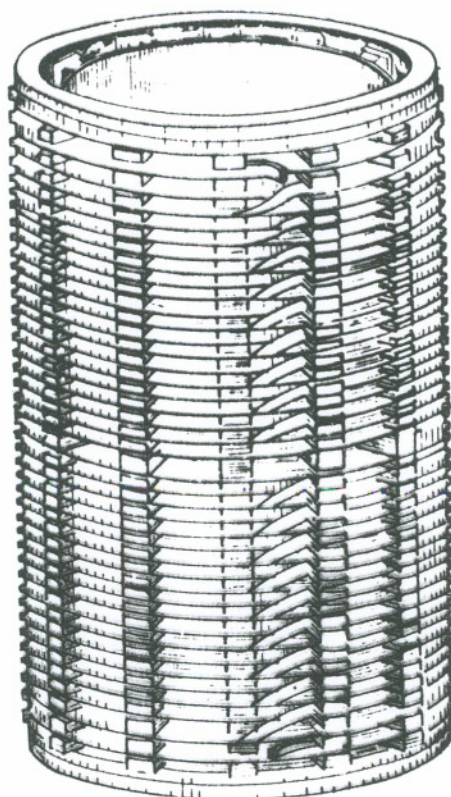


Figure 1.55 - Basic insulation system of a core type power transformer where (A) is insulation on wire (minor); (B) is insulation to ground (major); (C) is insulation between windings (major); and (D) is insulation between phases (phase-to-phase).

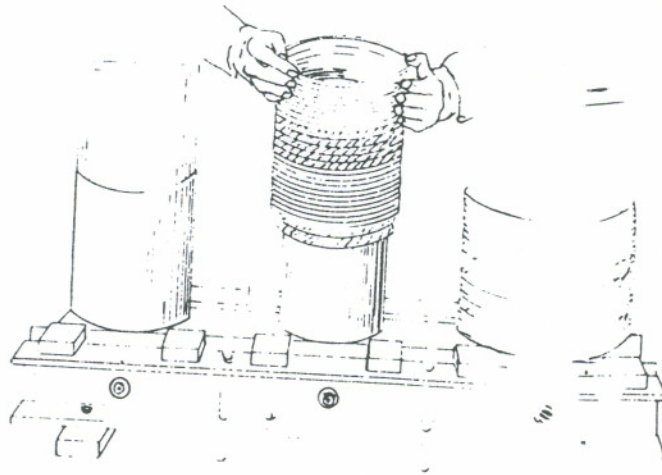


CONEXION DELTA-ESTRELLA
PARA UN TRANSFORMADOR TRIFASICO



BOBINA DE DISCO CONTINUO
(HELICOIDAL)

(X)



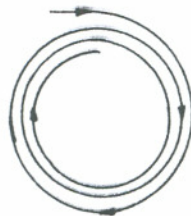
MONTAJE DE LA BOBIN.



IZQUIERDO



DERECHO



DERECHO



IZQUIERDO

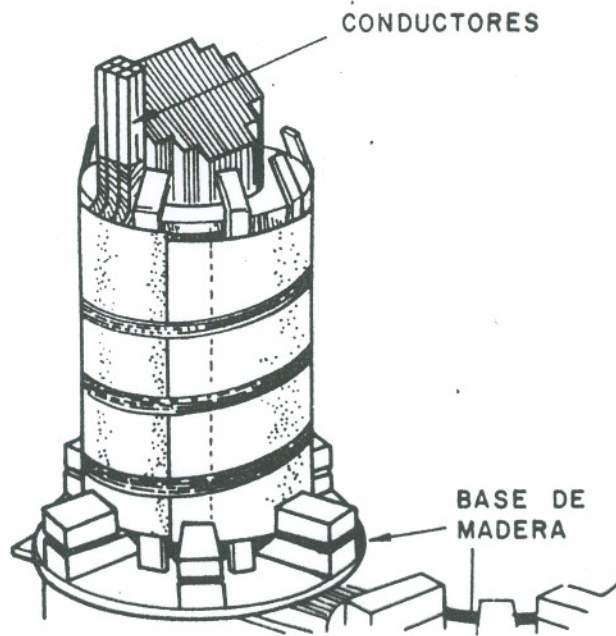


IZQUIERDO

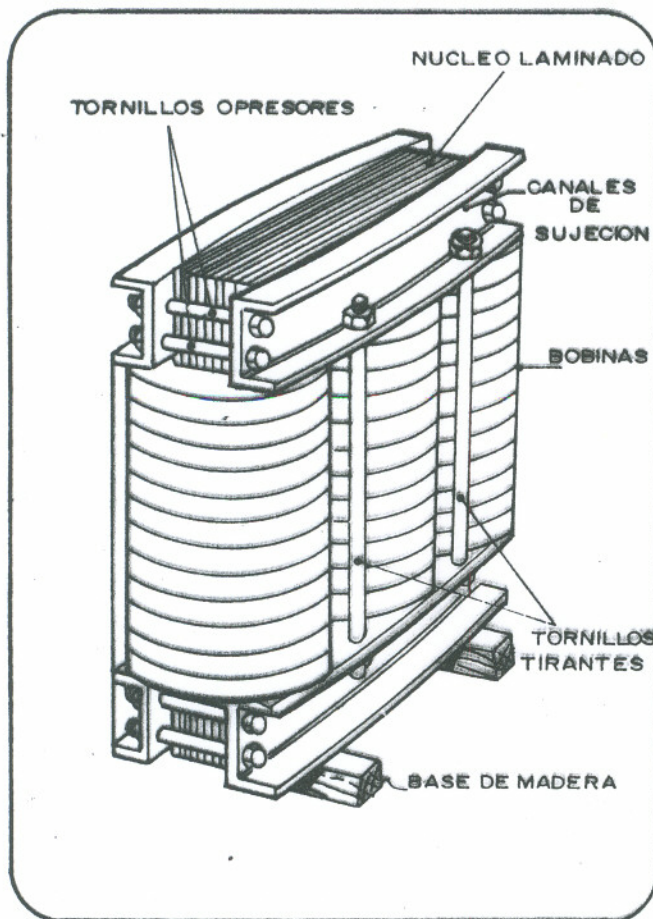


DERECHO

DEVANADOS DERECHO IZQUIERDO

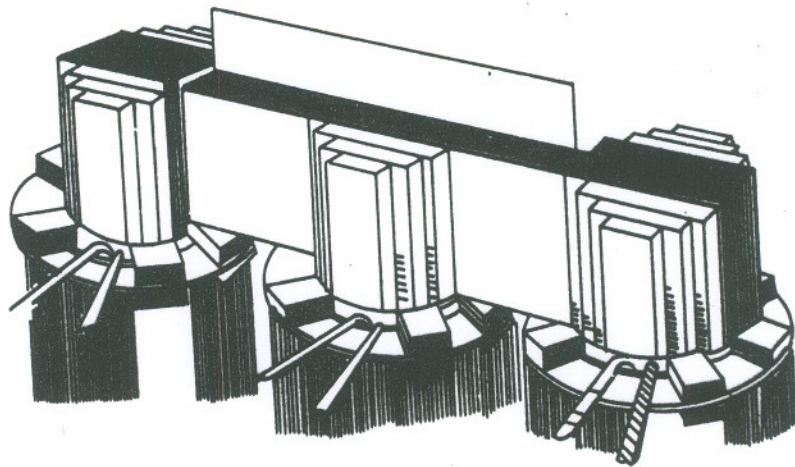


DETALLE DE MONTAJE DE BOBINAS EN LAS PIERNAS DEL TRANSFORMADOR

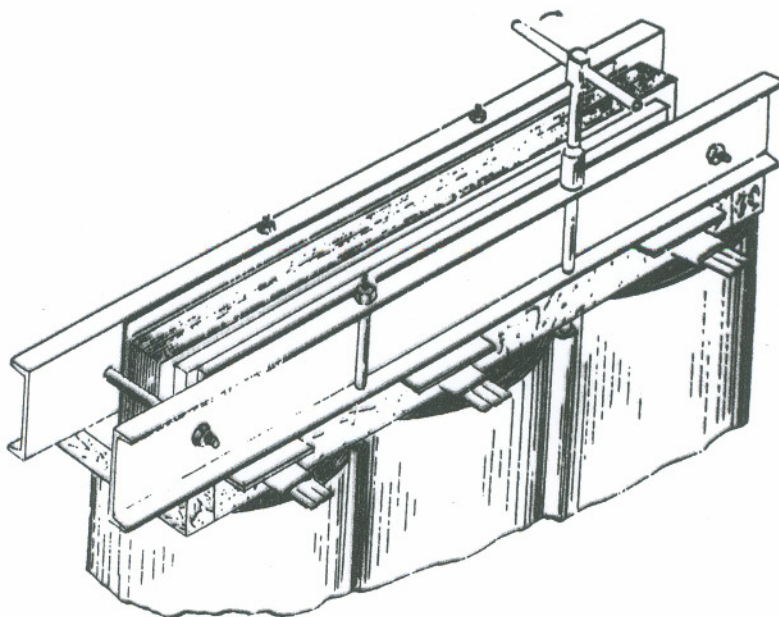
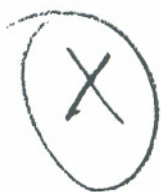


VISTA DEL NUCLEO Y BOBINAS ENSAMBLADAS PARA UN TRANSFORMADOR TRIFASICO

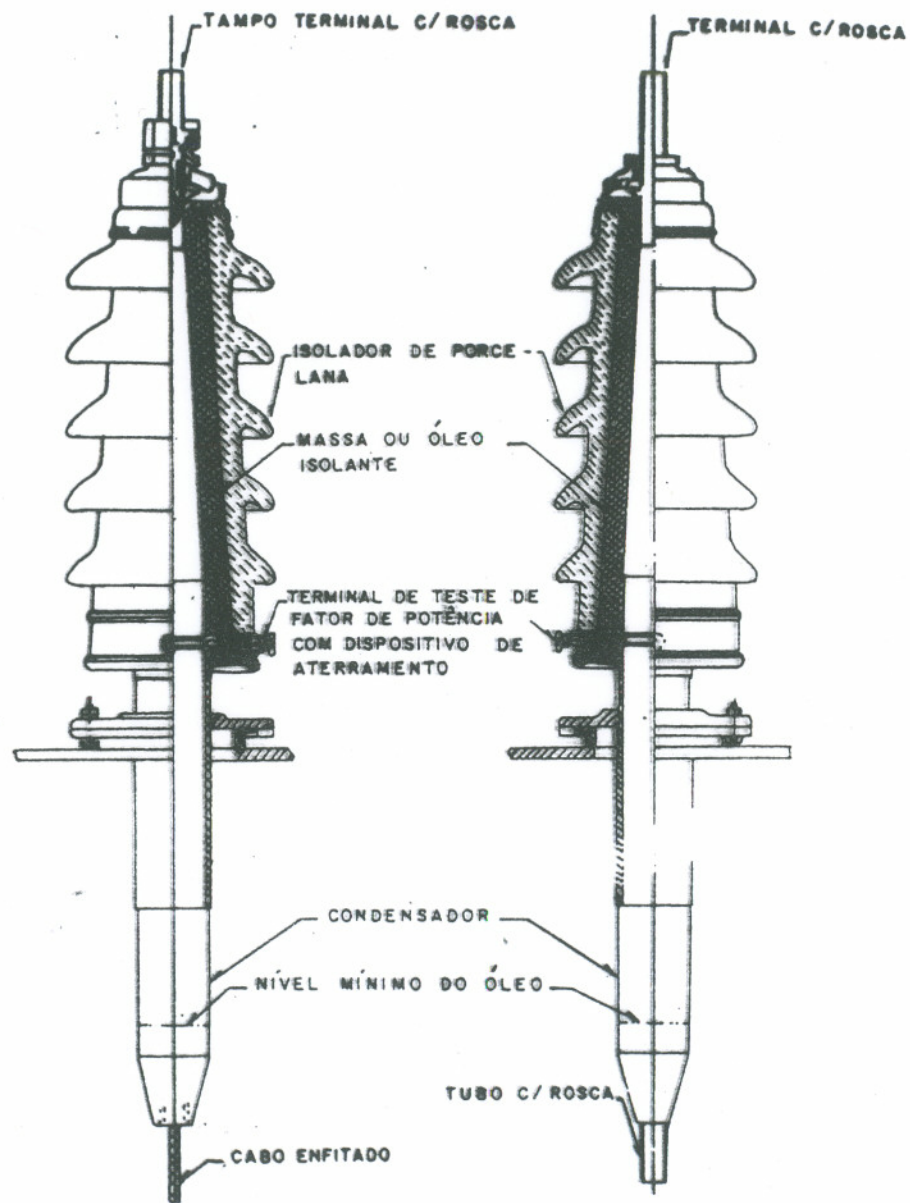
6



LAMINACION DEL YUGO DESPUES
DEL MONTAJE DE BOBINAS



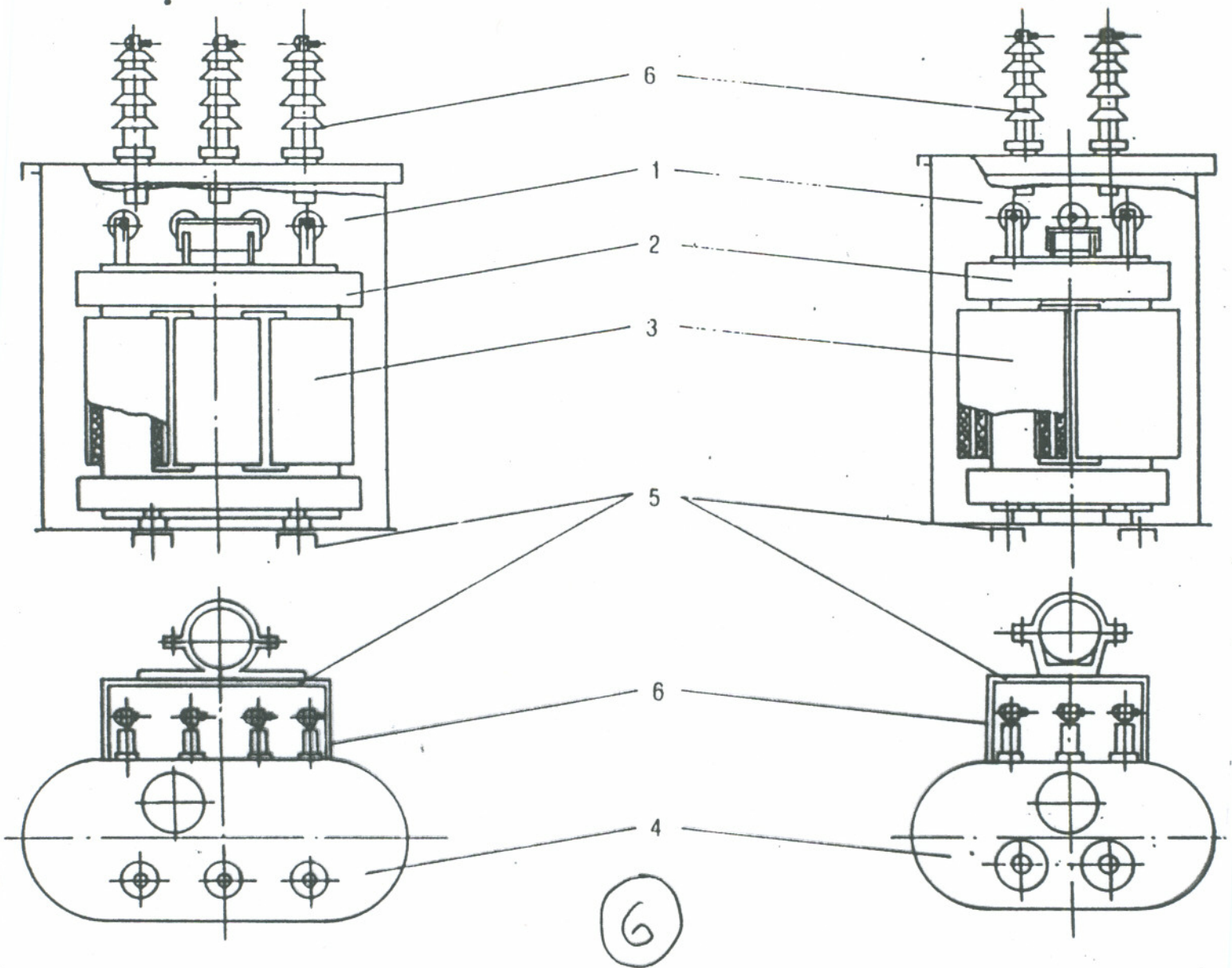
FIJACION DE LAS BOBINAS Y EL YUGO SUPERIOR



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BUCHA C/ CABO PASSANTE BUCHA C/ CONDUTOR MACIÇO DE COBRE

Figura 5.3 — Buchas capacitivas Westinghouse



Trifásico

Monofásico

- 1 — Execução selada
- 2 — Núcleo de 2 ou 3 colunas tipo convencional empilhado
- 3 — Bobinas cilíndricas concêntricas
- 4 — Tanque retangular com laterais menores redondas (ovalado)
- 5 — Montagem em poste ou plataforma aérea
- 6 — Buchas AT na tampa e BT na lateral do tanque

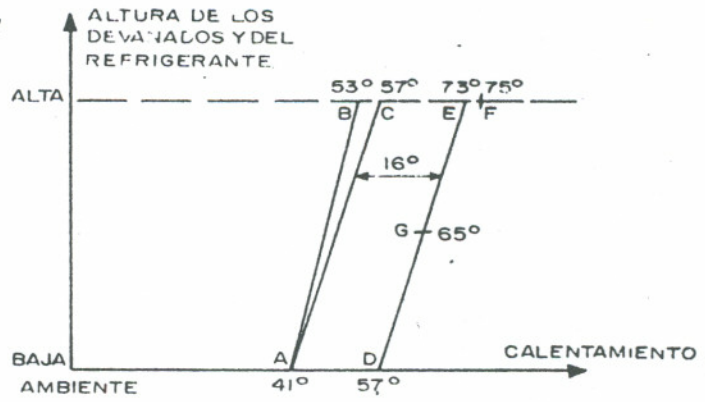
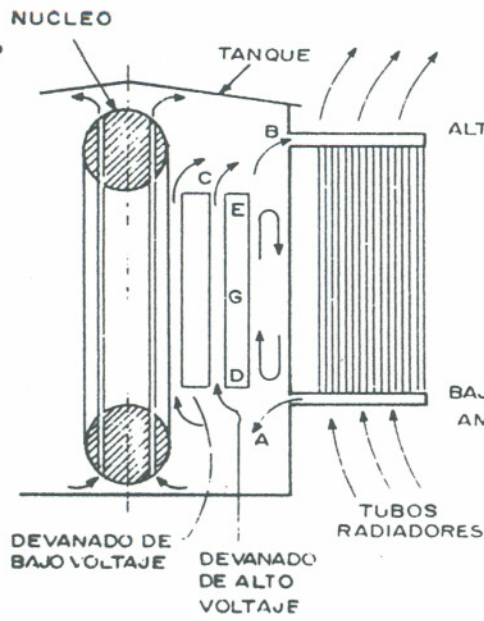


DIAGRAMA DE TEMPERATURAS

- AB = ACEITE REFRIGERANTE
- AC = ACEITE EN LOS DEVANADOS
- DE = EXTRACCION DE LOS DEVANADOS
- F = PUNTO CALIENTE
- AD = CE = GRADIENTE DE LA CURVA DEL ACEITE
- G = CALENTAMIENTO MEDIO DE LA CURVA

CIRCULACION NATURAL DEL ACEITE Y DEL AIRE (O A)

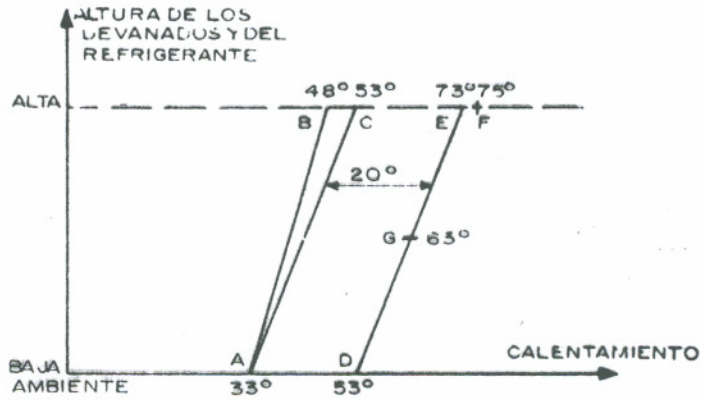
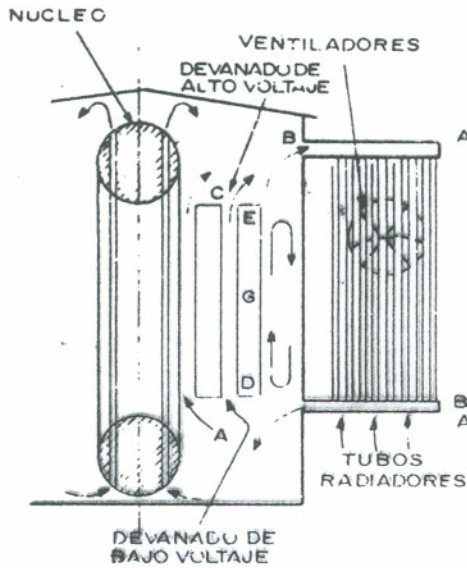


DIAGRAMA DE TEMPERATURAS

CIRCULACION NATURAL DEL ACEITE CON CIRCULACION FORZADA DE AIRE

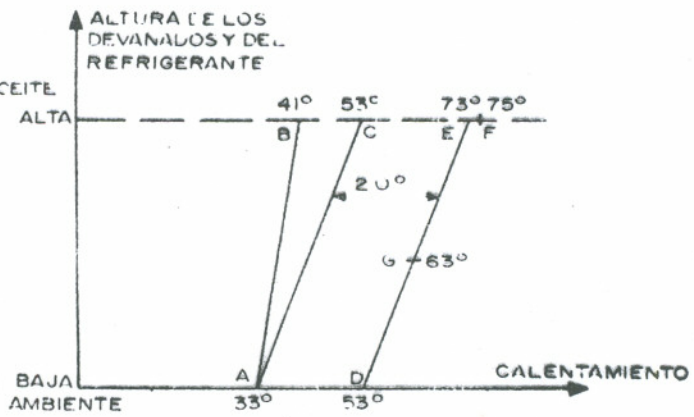
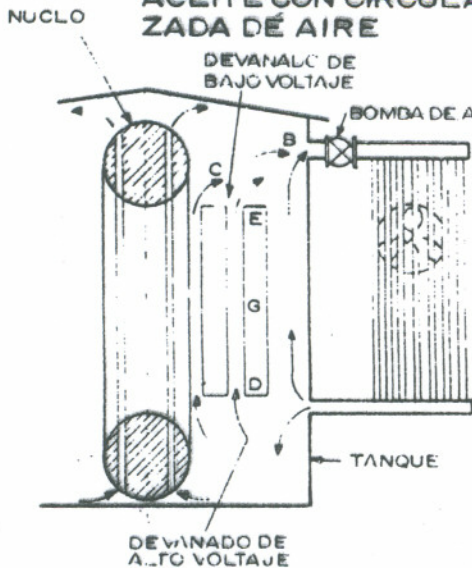


DIAGRAMA DE TEMPERATURAS

CIRCULACION FORZADA DE ACEITE Y DEL AIRE

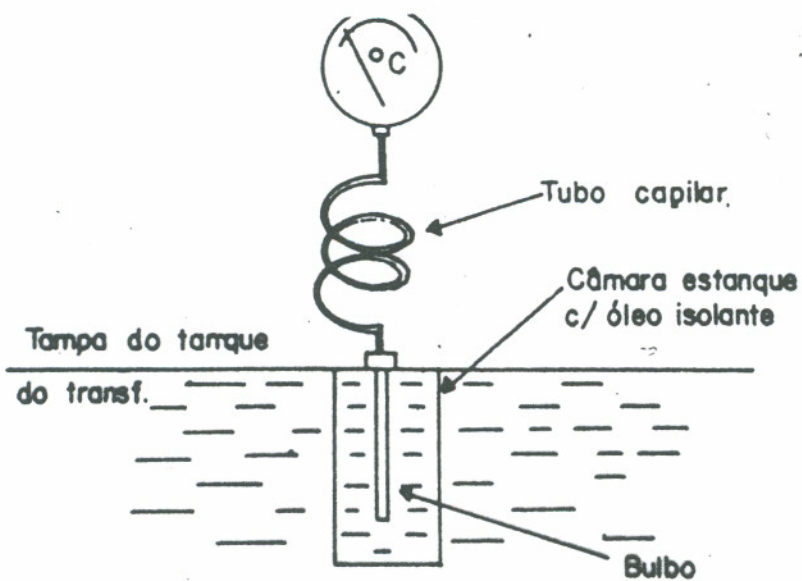


Figura 4.15 — Medidor de temperatura de bulbo

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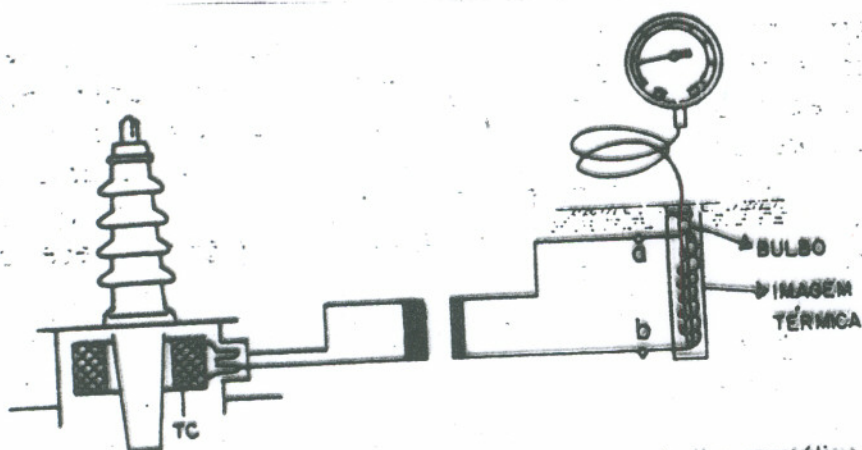


Fig. 4.17 — Dispositivo de imagem térmica com bulbo metálico e transformador de corrente de ajuste

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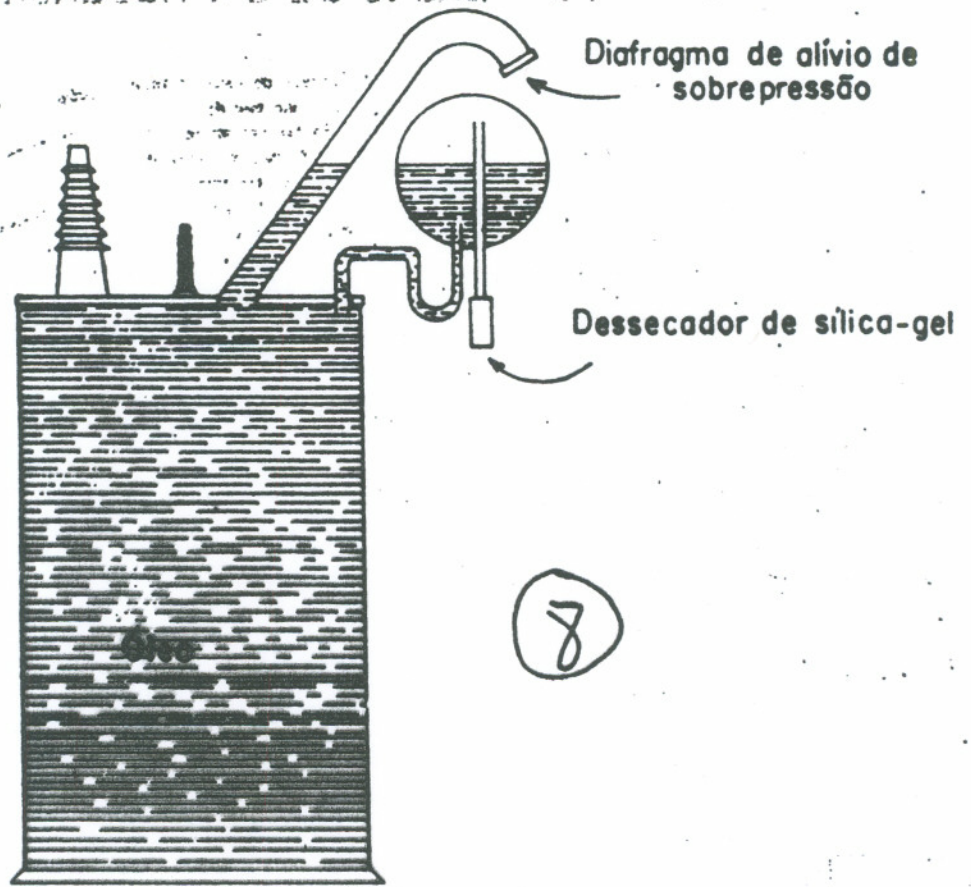


Figura 4.11 — Sistema de preservação do óleo isolante com dessecador de sílica-gel

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Conservator with magnetic oil-level gauge to DIN 42569 and filler nozzle which also acts as a vent.

Bushings for HV and LV terminals. HV with protective gap. Neutral of the LV winding up to 695 V is brought out through a bushing. Shock-proof terminals (see p. 11).

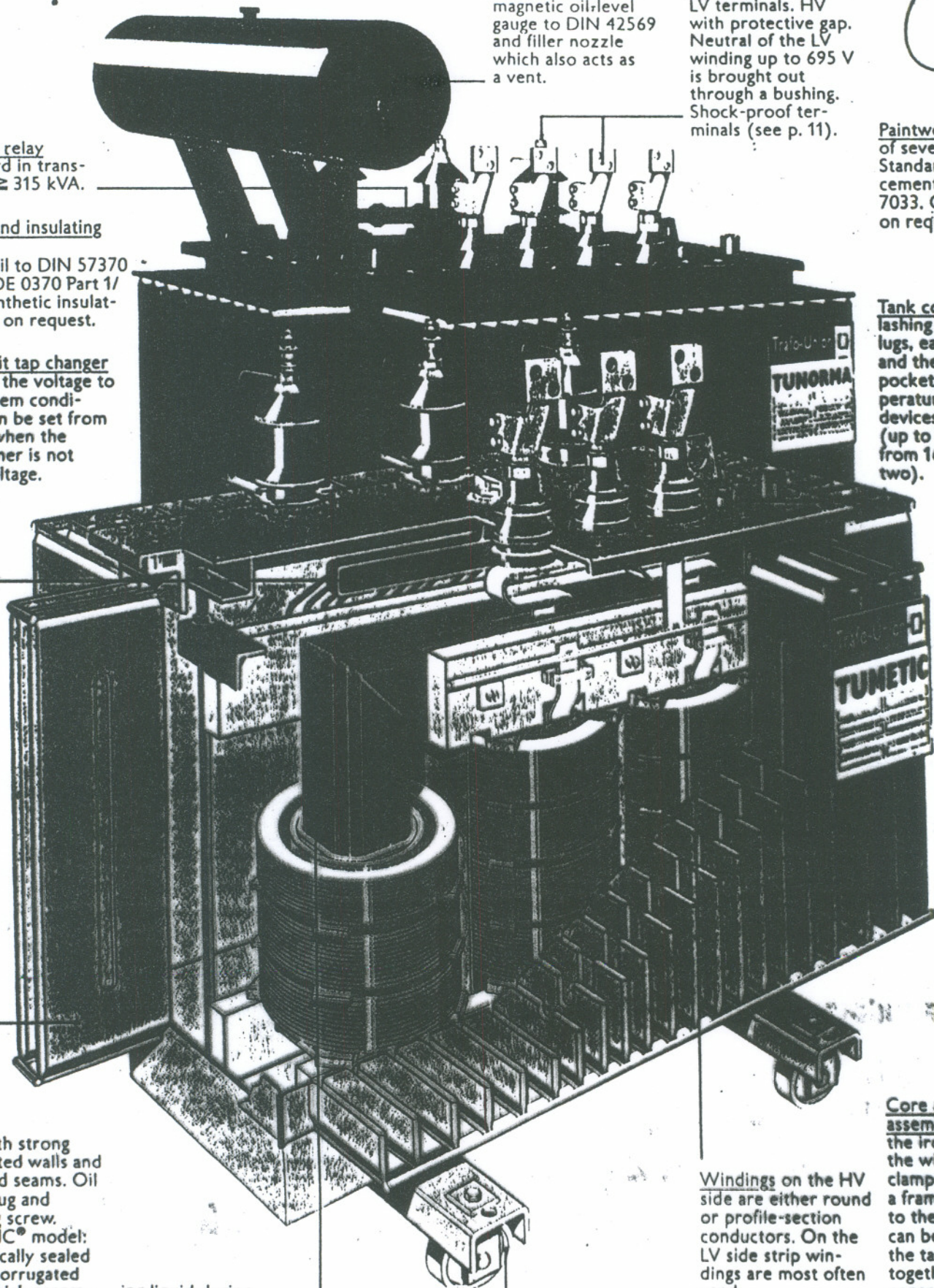
Paintwork consists of several coatings. Standard colour is cement grey RAL 7033. Other colours on request.

Buchholz relay is standard in transformers ≥ 315 kVA.

Cooling and insulating liquid:
Mineral oil to DIN 57370 Part 1, VDE 0370 Part 1/12.78. Synthetic insulating liquid on request.

Off-circuit tap changer to match the voltage to local system conditions. Can be set from outside when the transformer is not under voltage.

Tank cover with lashing and lifting lugs, earthing screw and thermometer pocket(s) for temperature monitoring devices, if required (up to 125 kVA one, from 160 kVA on two).



Tank with strong corrugated walls and few weld seams. Oil drain plug and earthing screw. TUNETIC® model: hermetically sealed plastic corrugated walls which accommodate reliably to the variations in the volume of the cool-

ing liquid during operation. Absolutely maintenance-free. The life expectancy corresponds to that of TUNORMA® tank.

Core of low-loss, grain-oriented electric steel laminations insulated on both sides.

Truck with flat-rim wheels, which can be set for forward or sideways movement.

Windings on the HV side are either round or profile-section conductors. On the LV side strip windings are most often used.

Insulation: high dielectric strength and good temperature stability. The windings are braced axially and radially to withstand short-circuit forces.

Core and coil assembly comprising the iron core and the windings clamped together in a frame and bolted to the tank cover. It can be lifted out of the tank complete together with the conservator and bushings.